GNS MODULE 1 COMPILED BY OMIDAN

1. Culture is used to refer to the cultivation of the souls or mind was given by _____

A. Makama
B. Cicero
C. Tylor
D. William
2. One of the following defines culture except
A. It's the totality of a people's response to inevitable challenges of nature
B. A process of spiritual, intellectual and aesthetic development of man
C. A set of distinctive ideology, beliefs and code of conduct shared by a set of people
D. A pair of clear cut collective identities
3. One of this is a characteristic of culture except
A. Universality
B. Diversity
C. A mechanism of minimizing contradiction
D. Non-discriminatory
4. Culture is directly and indirectly communicated through
A. Language
B. Myth
C. Illustration
D. Legend

5. Culture can be static as compared to being dynamic. True or false?	
A. True	
B. False	
C. None of above	
D. Maybe	
6. Culture can be acquired through the following except	
A. Instructions	
B. Imitation	
C. Inheritance	
D. Collective experience	
7. Nigerian cultures also revolves around concrete originality and can be interpolated, true or false?	Commented [WU1]:
A. True	
B. False	
C. Maybe	
D. None of the above	
8. One of the following is a feature of a pluralistic society except	
A. Multiculturalism	
B. Profundity	
C. Multilingualism	
D. Multiracial	
9. People in a monolithic society can share a unified set of beliefs and ideology, true or false?	
A. True	
B false	
C. None of the above	
D. Maybe	

10. One feature of Nigerian pluralism is
A. Dressing
B. Language
C. Greetings
D. Marriage
ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MODULE 1
1 B. 2 D. 3 D. 4 A. 5 B. 6 C. 7 A. 8 D. 9 A. 10. B
GNS 211 MODULE 2 COMPILED BY OMIDAN
1. The spelling "Ageing" that was used throughout module 2 is English
a) British
B) American
c) Nigerian
2. Makama used the term to describe old people
a) The aged
b) The elderly
c) Seniors
3. According to Woolf, ageing is
a) The accumulation of changes in a person over time
b) To become old, show the effects and characteristics of increasing age
c) A process in which individuals move from birth to death
4. Who created the world's first comprehensive government old age pension in the 1880s
a) Karl Max
b) Togonu Bickersteth

c) Otto von Bismarck	
5. Individuals between ages 0-19 are called	
A) Juvenile	
b) Early adulthood	
c) Preschool	
6. Early adults are people from ages	
a) 3-10	
b) 20-39	
c) 60-70	
7. All but one of the following are challenges of Ageing in Nigeria	
a) Inadequate number of trained personnel	
b) Poverty	
c) Fundamental human rights	
8. An example of a state who is putting in place measures to take care of their old is	
a) Osun	
b) Abuja	
c) Kwara	
9. Ageing is a process	
a) Ecological	
b) Geographical	
C) Biological	

10. Which of the following disability has the highest rate in the 1991 Nigerian National Population Census a) Lameness b) Dumbness c) Blindness ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MODULE 2 1 A. 2 B. 3 B. 4 C. 5 A. 6 B. 7 C. 8 A. 9 C. 10 C. GNS 211 MODULE 3VCOMPILED BY OMIDAN 1). Muhammad Marwa who was the leader of Maitasine group was said to have hailed from Village in Cameroun. A. Marwa B. Bullum C. Kuttu D. Jimeta 2). The following are major religious violence in the Northern part of Nigeria EXCECPT A. Taraba B. Bauchi C. Monguno D. Maiduguri	
b) Dumbness c) Blindness ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MODULE 2 1 A. 2 B. 3 B. 4 C. 5 A. 6 B. 7 C. 8 A. 9 C. 10 C. GNS 211 MODULE 3VCOMPILED BY OMIDAN 1). Muhammad Marwa who was the leader of Maitasine group was said to have hailed from Village in Cameroun. A. Marwa B. Bullum C. Kuttu D. Jimeta 2). The following are major religious violence in the Northern part of Nigeria EXCECPT A. Taraba B. Bauchi C. Monguno	
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ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MODULE 2 1 A. 2 B. 3 B. 4 C. 5 A. 6 B. 7 C. 8 A. 9 C. 10 C. GNS 211 MODULE 3VCOMPILED BY OMIDAN 1). Muhammad Marwa who was the leader of Maitasine group was said to have hailed from Village in Cameroun. A. Marwa B. Bullum C. Kuttu D. Jimeta 2). The following are major religious violence in the Northern part of Nigeria EXCECPT A. Taraba B. Bauchi C. Monguno	b) Dumbness
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B. Bullum C. Kuttu D. Jimeta 2). The following are major religious violence in the Northern part of Nigeria EXCECPT A. Taraba B. Bauchi C. Monguno	
C. Kuttu D. Jimeta 2). The following are major religious violence in the Northern part of Nigeria EXCECPT A. Taraba B. Bauchi C. Monguno	A. Marwa
D. Jimeta2). The following are major religious violence in the Northern part of Nigeria EXCECPTA. TarabaB. BauchiC. Monguno	B. Bullum
2). The following are major religious violence in the Northern part of Nigeria EXCECPTA. TarabaB. BauchiC. Monguno	C. Kuttu
2). The following are major religious violence in the Northern part of Nigeria EXCECPTA. TarabaB. BauchiC. Monguno	D. Jimeta
A. Taraba B. Bauchi C. Monguno	
B. Bauchi C. Monguno	2). The following are major religious violence in the Northern part of Nigeria EXCECPT
C. Monguno	A. Taraba
	B. Bauchi
D. Maiduguri	C. Monguno
	D. Maiduguri

Nigeria?	
A. Shagamu riot	
B. Faya Muslim group and Irele traditional worshiper crisis in Ikirun	
C. Alhaji Jamiu Kewuyemi and masquerade in Ila-Orangun	
D. Demonstration of the al-majirai in maiduguri	
4). Which part of Nigeria experienced the highest religious violence?	
A. North	
B. Cameroun	
C. South-western	
D. Gombe	
5). The re-introduction of Shari'ah to some northern state of country was met with bitter opposition in Kaduna in	
A. 2000	
B. 2006	
C. 2020	
D. 1994	
6). Violence, as it is said, has No	
A. Neighbors	
B. Religion	
C. Family	
7). One of this is not a factor identity as the causes of violence in Nigeria	
A. Accurate interpretation of scriptural verse	
B. Lapses in the security system	

3). Which of the following is NOT an instance of religious violence in the South-western part of

C. Tribalism
D. Poverty and unemployment
8). Provocative statement is NOT a cause of religious violence
True/False
9). The unemployment youth ignited crisis in the garb of religion to loot the property of those they considered their 'enemy', namely, those who did not belong to the same tribe even if they profess the same religion with them.
True/False
10). Lapses in the security system of the country pave way for the 1980 Maitatsine
True/False
11). One of these is an effect of religious violence
A. Fear to approach places of worship
B. Justice in the society
C. A balance religion
D. Storage of valuable human and material resources
12). One serious effect of religious violence is
A. Increase in birth rate
B. Draining the nation's purse
C. Loss of lives and property
D. Disruption of economic activities

13). Religious violence did NOT portray one of these act
A. Deceit
B. Justice
C. Threat
D. Polarization
14) Impose on the affected areas have serious effects on their economic activities
A. Tax
B. Curfews
C. Obligation
15). NEMA means
A. National Emergency Management Agency
B. National Elite Maiduguri Area
C. National Energy Movement Alliance
D. National Economic Management Agency
ANSWERS TO GNS211 MODULE 3
1 A. 2 C. 3 D. 4 A. 5 A. 6 C. 7 A. 8 False. 9 True. 10 True. 11 A. 12 C. 13 B. 14 B. 15. A

GNS 211 MODULE 4 COMPILED BY OMIDAN

1. The product of bad news or unfavorable experiences (A) Greif (B) Bereavement (C) mood swing
is strategic when it produces the effect intended on the consumer of the communication (A) Information (B) communication (C) Receiver reaction
3. Knowing the interactant is not a major principle that governs strategic communication TRUE / FALSE
4. Greif and Bereavement are very much similar without any differences TRUE / FALSE
5 best explains Bereavement (A) Reaction to a loss (B) sense of Loss (C) none of the above
6. In DABDA, the Second D represent (A) Denial (B) Danger (C) Depression
7. SPIKES protocol was said to have been proposed by (A) Bailey et al (B) Haley & Joker (C) Baile et al
8. In BREAKS, the K represent (A) Kinling (B) Kindling (C) Kindness
9. A common communicative tool through which grief is been expressed in an empathetic mien and gestures is known as (A) Non-Verbal (B) Verbal (C) A &B
10 Is referred to as the bombshell point (A) Anti-climax (B) Climax (C) A & B
11 is the portion that contains moral message of the announcer's intervention (A) Closure (B) Closing remarks (C) Closrue
12. Communicative register manifests its self at important levels (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4

ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MODULE 4

1 A. 2 B. 3 False. 4 False. 5 B. 6 C. 7 C. 8 B. 9 A. 10 B. 11 A. 12 B.

GNS 211 MODULE 5 COMPILED BY OMIDAN

1 According to	human refers to the basic provision and freedom all humans are entitled.
	B) Forsythe 2000 C) Wright 2006
	mension of human rights see the concept as that which regards human beings rights, irrespective of legal prerogative and other localizing.
A) Sociological	b) philosophical
C) Sociopolitical.	D) Politically
3) Religion precept	form the basis of law theory.
A) Natural law.	B) Positive law
C) Interest law.	C) Will law
4)And	strengthen human rights.
A) Individualism &	Cosmopolitanism
B) Rationalism & I	ndividualism
C) Realism & Cosn	nopolitanism
D) Rationalism & R	ealism

5)is recognized as the m	nanuscript of human rights.
A) Cyprus cylinder. B) The cylin	nder
C) cylinder's transcript D) Cyprus	transcript cylinder
6) The universal Declaration of He	unan rights (UDHR) resolution was approved in what year
A) December 10 th 1948. B) D	ecember 10 th 1958
C) January 11 th 1958. D) D	ecember 11 th 1948
7) What chapter of the 1999 const	itution and section states the fundamental rights Nigerians?
A) Chapter IV section (33-34).	B) Chapter IV section (34-35)
C) Chapter V section (33-34).	D) Chapter V section (34-35)
 8) Human Rights is celebrated yea A) 10th of December. B) 10th of C) 11th of November. D) 11th 	f November
9) spells out the rights of	a citizen.
A) Constitution. B) UDHR(1948	3)
C) Constitutionalism. D) Rule of	law
	owers to create a new body to replace the league with the) was reached at conference.
A) The 1945 Yalta conference B	3) The 1955 Yalta Conference
C) The Vienna Conference.	C) The Virginia Conference of rights of 1776.
11) Which of the following does n	not constitute a human rights violation

A) Respect for the rule of law. B) War crime
C) Genocide. D) Disobedience of court law
12) System of government is most noted as having the highest tendency of human rights abuse.
A) Democratic. B) Parliamentary
C) Presidential. D) Military
ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MODULE 5
1 B. 2 B. 3 A. 4 A. 5 A. 6 A. 7 A. 8 A. 9 A. 10 A. 11 A. 12 C
GNS 211 MODULE 6 COMPILED BY OMIDAN
1 The exact year of the origin of Globalization can be ascertained TRUE/FALSE
2 The world 'Globalization' derives from the term (A) Globacom (B) Globe (C) Glow
3 Globalization is primarily about (A) History (B) international Trade (C) international Relations
4 The full meaning of IMF is (A) Internal monetary fund (B) International monetary fund (C) A & B
5 Globalisation can conform to Africans world view if it embraces love of God and Neighbor TRUE/FALSE
6 Africans are afraid to accept globalization because (A) They don't understand it (B) Their religion doesn't appreciate it (C) They afraid of being exploited

7 To be able to pay loans, IMF introduced a system in Africa called (A)SAP (B) SPA (C) PAS

 $8\ Africans$ suffer from Neo-Colonization presently TRUE / FALSE

9 Globalisation is considered a setback in lifestyle by Africans TRUE / FALSE

 $10\ Early$ globalization process cannot be traced to the trans-Atlantic trade from Africa to the Americas to Europe

TRUE / FALSE

ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MODULE 6

1 FALSE. 2 B. 3 C. 4 B. 5 TRUE. 6 C. 7 A. 8 TRUE. 9 TRUE. 10 FALSE

GNS 211 MODULE 7 COMPILED BY OMIDAN

- Lagos was Ceded to the British in ___ year
 (A) 1860 (B) 1861 (C) 1862
- 2. The constitutional development began with
- (A) Clifford constitution of 1922 (B) Clifford constitution od 1920 (C) I don't know
- 3. The amalgamation of the colony and protectorate of the Sothern Nigeria merged with the protectorate of Northern Nigeria was carried out in ___ year
- (A) 1912 (B) 1914 (C) 1913
- 4. The fifth Nigeria constitution was called ___
- (A) Macpherson constitution (B) Lyttleton constitution (C) Presidential constitution
- 5. Rule of law was made popular in __ century (A) 16TH (B) 17TH (C) 19TH
- 6. The symbol that the judge is robed in with defines that
- (A) The judge is powerful (B) The judge is not to be bias (C) The judge is around

- 7. Rule of law was made popular by ___ (A) A. M DIECY (B) A. O DIECY (C) A. V DIECY
- 8. The symbol of justice is a practical demonstration of what justice mean TRUE/ FALSE
- 9. Justice and Rule of Law are two principles that should stand separately TRUE/ FALSE
- 10. In year 1946, which constitutional development was used
- (A) Alfred Constitution (B) Richards constitution (C) Macpherson constitution

ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MODULE 7

1 B. 2 A. 3 B. 4 B. 5 C. 6 B. 7 C. 8 TRUE. 9 FALSE. 10 B.

GNS 211 MODULE 8 COMPILED BY OMIDAN

- 1) ____ is used as a technique in the measurement of learning outcome at all level of education across the globe, including Nigeria.
- A. Education
- B. Academic
- C. Examination
- D. Labor
- 2). Examination dishonesty has NOT become a great monster, scourge and a real life threat to the education of the Nigerian child

True/False

3) Referred to examination malpractice as violation of examination rule and regulations by candidates
A. Aliyu (1996)
B. Chukwuemeka (1982)
C. Jaga (2006)
D. Olagungu (1994)
4) The first stage of examination malpractice is
A. Prior examination dishonesty
B. Post examination malpractice
C. Pre examination dishonesty
D. Past examination malpractice
5). For in school examination, there is the situation where examination questions are exposed to favor examinee before they sit for the examination for one kind of gratification or the other and the those responsible for this Act are EXECPT
A. Parent of the examinee
B. Teachers
C. Typist
D. Office assistant
6). Forms of dishonesty during examination from a host of students over the year are EXECPT
A. Nothing-nothing
B. Tattoo
C. Writing with biro
D. Giraffing

7) is one of the factor responsible for examination malpractice
A. Religion factor
B. Cultural factor
C. Government
D. Value factor
8) Primary culprit in all matters of examination malpractice is student. This is so because of
A. Laziness and lack of interest academic work
B. inexperienced teacher
C. High standards of teaching technique
D. Low standards of teaching technique
9) The following are the consequences of examination dishonesty EXCEPT
A. It raise doubt about the integrity of examination
B. it leads to irreversible loss of credibility
C. it renders the goal of education invalid
D. It's leads to decrease in corruption in the society
10). Decree 27 of 1973 on the Western school certificate examination (WAEC) prescribe Years jail for offenders
A. 21
B. 1
C. 2
D. 10
11). Nigeria as a multi-ethnic society has a value system that was derived from the diversity of its people andWhich forms the core and dominant value.
A. Understanding and knowledge
B. Religion and culture

C. Behavior and attitude
D. Beliefs and moral
12). Core values are classified into Board categories
A. 9
B. 2
C. 4
D. 8
13)are value which are related with the development of human personality or individual norms of recognition and the protection of human personality
A. Majority value
B. Individual value
C. Minority value
D. Collective value
14) Value education has been defined as Educating for character and for moral value and the teaching of respect and responsibility to citizens for good character development and for the health of the nations
True/False
15)Is essential for the success of a Democratic society
A. Moral education
B. History education
C. Health education
D. Political education
ANSWERS TO GNS211 MODULE 8

1 C. 2 FALSE. 3 B. 4 C. 5 A. 6 C. 7 C. 8 A. 9 D. 10 C. 11 B. 12 B. 13 B. 14 TRUE. 15 A

GNS 211 MOUDLE 9 COMPLIED BY OMIDAN

- 1. The Human Immunodeficiency virus (HIV) is a........... That infect the immune system, decreasing its ability to fight off other infections and diseases.
- A. Syndrome
- B. Virus
- C. Substance abuse
- D. Disease
- 2. The disease associated with HIV infection in September was named......
- A. UNAIDS
- B. CIA
- C. USAIDS
- D. AIDS
- 3. Some of the major symptoms of HIV/AIDS include the following EXCEPT
- A. Diclofenac potassium
- B. Cough far more than one month
- C. Persistent severe tiredness
- D. Fever for longer than one month

4. Which of following in NOT a factor promoting the transmission of HIV?	
A. Penetrative sexual contact with an infected person	
B. Blood transfusion with contaminated and infected blood	
C. Being a victim of sexual violence e. g rape cases	
D. Eating on the same dining table with an infected person	
5. One of the major problems associated with HIV and AIDS in the society is	
A. Faithfulness	
B. Abstinence	
C. Stigmatization	
D. Usage of condom	
6. The most severely affected region by HIV/AIDS is	
A. Canada	
B. Asia	
C. South Korea	
D. Sub-Saharan Africa	
7. Sharing or using unsterilized infected skin piercing instrument such as Can promote the transmission of HIV	
A. Ruler	
B. Pencil	
C. Piano	
D. Needle	

8Offers no protection against HIV/AIDS for young women
A. Early marriage
B. Early hand shake
C. Early hug
D. Early closeness
9. High rate of unemployment can promote the transmission of HIV/AIDS
True/False
10. Poverty is NOT one of the factors that promote the transmission of HIV/AIDS
True/False
11 And People are predominantly affected by the HIV/AIDS
A. Adolescents and young
B. Old men and women
C. Married men and Women
D. Sugar mummy and daddy
12. Majorly in Africa, AIDS remains the leading cause of death among
A. Old people
B. Energetic people
C. Animals
D. Adolescents

13. The following drugs are smoked EXPECT
A. Marijuana
B. Heroine
C. Nicotine
D. Inhalants
14. Commonly drugs abuse includes the following EXCEPT
A. Cocaine
B. Cigarette
C. Alcohol
D. Cannabis
15. A decline in communication with family members and unusual demand for secretiveness is NOT a characteristic of drug abusers
True/ False
ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MOUDLE 9
1 B. 2 D. 3 A. 4 D. 5 C. 6 D. 7 D. 8 A. 9 TRUE. 10 FALSE. 11 A. 12 D. 13 B. 14 A. 15 FALSE.
GNS 211 MOUDLE 10 COMPLIED BY OMIDAN
1 is a form dishonesty or criminal activity undertaken by a person or organization entrusted with a position of authority, often to acquire illicit behavior (a) Corruption (b) Embezzlement (c) Infidelity
2. Consistent ethics and ideological integrity applied on individual or collective will of the people is (a) Personal value (b) Societal value (c) National Value

3. Is there any relationship between religion and good character training? (a) Yes (b) No (c) Yes/No 4. Good character consists of how many basic parts (a) Three (b) four (c) five defined character as the training of people to be morally upright to correct and avoid social maladies (a) Abimbola, 2013 (b) Adebisi 2013 (c) Aliy 2013 6. Which of the following is not a basic part of character? (a) knowing it (b) feeling it (c) SAYING IT 7. Which of the following is not an element of national value? (a) Reading (b) Loyalty (c) Honesty 8. Love, devotion and support for one's country is _____ (a) Honesty (b) Loyalty (c) Patriotism 9. Parents are always the first teachers (a) Yes (b) No (c) Yes/No 10. What is the meaning of Shirk? (a) Prayer (b) Associating partnership with your parents (c) Associating Partnership with Allah 11. _____ is sometime synonymous with Value (a) Honesty (b) Morality (c) Character 12. Good character training is preached in Christianity, Islam and ATR (a) True (b) False (c) I don't know 13. Terrorism, Kidnapping and Child abuse are forms of corruption (a) True (b) False (c) I don't know 14. What is the indigenous religion of African (a) Christianity (b) Islam (c) African Traditional 15. "OGUN" is the symbol of the Yoruba god of Iron (a) Yes (b) no (c) I don't know **ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MOULDE 10** 1 A. 2 C. 3 A. 4 A. 5 A. 6 C. 7 A. 8 A. 9 A. 10 C. 11 B. 12 A. 13 A. 14 C. 15 A.

GNS 211 MOUDLE 11 COMPLIED BY OMIDAN

1 is a body of truths, law and rites by which man is subordinated to the transcendent being (a) Ethno-religiously
(b) Political-Religionization
(c) Religion
2 is not among the most practiced form of religion
(A) Islam/Christianity
(B) ATR/Christianity
(C) All of the above
3 is a social formation resting upon culturally specific practices, a unique set of symbols and cosmology (A)Political-Religionization
(B) Religionization of Politics
(C) Ethnicity 4 is directed at creating at platforms to make up a better for all sundry within its fold by transforming the symbolic and institutional frameworks of collective life (A)Ethno- religious Politics
(B) political religionization
(C) Religionization
5 Akpata came to the conclusion that ethnicity is (A) Struggle for undue share of modern goods and service
(B) struggle for justice
 (C) The need to put a stop to religious ethnicity 6 refers to the level of gradual attainment and performance at the different stage of political process (A) Political deployment

((B) Political environment
((C) Political development
	_ is a centrifugal factor in the life of a man (a) Broadcast message
((b) Religion
((c) Information
	obirawa who spearheaded the Hauasa kingdom was responsible for (A) Domination
((B) Formation
((C) interpretation of laws
(_ dominated the Kanuri in the kanem Kingdom (A) Kebbidom (B) kwarafarans (C) Zaghawa
(The seven principal ethinic group in Oyo were referred to as (A) Are-ona Kankafo (B) Oranmiyan family (C) Oyomesi
	_ is not among the ethnic group of Benin (A)Koko
((B) Esan

12 The acting consul general who was killed in Benin name was and in year
(A) J. F Philips, 1897
(B) F.R Philips, 1987
(C) J.R Philips , 1897
13 The unitary Decree was popularly called
(A) Decree 34 of 1961
(B) Decree 33 of 1960
(C) Decree 34 of 1966
14 The full acronomy of NYSP is
(A) National Youth Service Programme
(11) Tradonal Todal Service Hogramine
(B) Nigeria Youth Service Programme
(C) National Youth Service Party
15 which of these is not among the notable six Geo-Political zone
(A) South- South
(B) South Central
(b) South Centar
(C) North Central
ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MOUDLE 11
1 C. 2 C. 3 C. 4 A. 5 A. 6 C. 7 B. 8 B. 9 C. 10. C. 11 A. 12 C. 13 C. 14 A. 15 B.
1 C. 2 C. 3 C. 4 A. 3 A. 0 C. 7 B. 6 D. 7 C. 10. C. 11 A. 12 C. 13 C. 14 A. 13 B.

GNS 211 MOUDLE 12 COMPLIED BY OMIDAN

(C) Orra

1.	Our world is in dire need of development (A)Peace
	(B) Treaty
	(C) Safety
2.	The opposite of peace or clash of interest is referred to as (A)Conflict
	(B) Hatred
	(C) Absence of peace
3.	is not among the following in a conflict situation (A) Threat
	(B) Fear
	(C) Calmness
4.	Who defined conflict as when a group's interest tries to override that of another group (A) Biliton 1979
	(B) Clinton 1979
5.	(C) Burton 1979 The process of bringing peace to a conflict situation is called (A) Devsolvement
	(B) Resolution
6.	(C) Hope The conversation between two parties involved in conflict is called (A) Dialogue
	(B) Entrilogue
	(C) Discussion

7 is a nature of conflict (A)Lack resource control
(B) Fulfilled promises
(C) Justice 8 is part of the effect of conflict (A) Drug Abuse
(B) General loss of value system
(C) All of the above
9. What is ADR?
(A) African Dispute Resolution
(B) American Dispute Resolution
(C) Alternative Dispute Resolution
10. Improved can communication help conflict
TRUE/FALSE
11. "GIVE & TAKE" which would be agreed by all parties involved in conflict is called
(A) Agreement
(B) Negotiation
(C) Litigation
12. Unmanaged conflict can lead to?
(A) Whala
(B) War
(C) Whayoo

13. Cold war polarized the world into camps
(A)Three
(B) Four
(C) Two
14. President Good-Luck Jonathan instituted National Dialogue in Nigeria in year
(A) 2010
(B) 2013
(C) 2012
15. The process of bringing about or contesting for a Law suit is called collectively (A) Meditation
(B) Arbitration
(C) Litigation
ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MOUDLE 12
1 A. 2 A. 3 C. 4 C. 5 B. 6 A. 7 B. 8 C. 9 C. 10 TRUE. 11 B. 12 B. 13 C. 14 B. 15 C.
GNS MOUDLE 13 COMPLIED BY OMIDAN
1 'Corrupts' is a Latin word which means
(A)Fix/ undo (B) Break/Repair(C) Break/Destroy
2 is a hydra-headed monster which has no regards for ethnic, national and international boundaries

- (A) Embezzlement (B) Corruption (C) Law-breaking

 3 C= D+M-A is ___

 (A) Corruption = Discretion + Monopoly Accountability
 (B) Corruption = Discipline + Money Accountability
 (C) Corruption = Discipline Money + Accountability

 4 When corruption is an integral and vital aspect of the country's economic, social and political aspect is referred to as

 (A) Sporadic (B) Grand (C) Economic

 5 __ kind of corruption can seriously moralize and sap the economy of resources
 (A) Sporadic (B) Grand (C) Economic
- 6 Corruption in high place is referred to as
 - (A) Sporadic (B) Grand (C) Economic
- 7 The following is not under private corruption
 - (A) Theft (B) Bribery (C) Examination misconduct
- 8 The following is not under Governance corruption
 - (A) Theft (B) Bribery (C) Examination misconduct
- 9 __ helps to get rid of economic & financial crimes
 - (A)E.F.C.C (B) G.T.A (C) Kwara State Police
- 10 N.G.O plays what kind of roles?
 - (A) Implement development and fight corruption
 - (B) View development and fight corruption
 - (C) I don't know

ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MOUDLE 13

1 C. 2 B. 3 A. 4 B. 5 A. 6 B. 7 C. 8 C. 9 A. 10 A.

GNS MODULE 14 COMPLIED BY OMIDAN 1). When the society is free of treat and conflict, such society is attributed to be....... A. Organized B. Cooperative C. Peaceful 2)...... Peace is the absence of unjust structures, unequal relationships and inner peace at individual levels A. Negative B. Positive C. Balance D. Regional 3). Peace Education is vital to the development of a nation because it emphasize these EXECPT A. Love B. Empathy C. Truthfulness D. Disunity 4). Peaceful coexistence transcends living together in peace to even include being one's brother's keeper, regardless of differences True/False 5). Peace operation encompass the following EXCEPT A. Conflict prevention B. peacekeeping C. Peacemaking D. Peace discouragement 6)...... Is a resistance to, or protection from harm? A. Safety B. Security C. Liberty

D. War
7). of all forms of security Seek to protect the vital core of all human lives
A. Human security
B. Food security
C. Environmental security
D. Political society
8). The crucial of all human endeavors is
A. Unity
B. Harmony
C. Profit
D. Peace
9). The following are security tips on campus EXECPT
A. Always keep your rooms locked when you want to sleep
B. Switch off all electrical appliances when you are not at home
C. Keep much cash on you
D. Keep your belongings
10) Is the process of economic and social transformation that is based on complex cultural and environmental factors and their interaction?
A. Increment
B. Enlightenment
C. Development
D. Enlargement
11). Development can be also be seen as economic growth, as modernization and as distribution justice
True/False
12). Objective of development encompass the following EXCECPT
A. Raising peoples' living levels
B. Creating conditions conductive to the growth of people' self-esteem

C. Increasing peoples' freedom to choose by enlarging the range of their choice variables
D. Report strange people and movement to the authorities
13). 'Be careful of what enter your mouth and what comes out' is NOT a security tips on campus
True/False
14). Combination of peace and security in the society at large bring about
A. Development
B. Conflict
C. Deceit
D. Threat
15). The first duty of a government is the provision of
A. excellent
B. Welfare
C. Harmony

ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MOUDLE 14

D. Security

1 C. 2 B. 3 D. 4 TRUE. 5 D. 6 B. 7 A. 8 D. 9 C. 10 C. 11 TRUE. 12 D. 13 FALSE. 14 A. 15 D

GNS 211 MOUDLE 15 COMPLIED BY OMIDAN

1.	and defined social media as a group of internet-based applications that is built on
	the ideological and technological foundations of Web 2.0 which allows the creation and
	exchange of user-generated content

(a) Jet li and Jackie (b) Omidan and Kaplan (c) Kaplan and Haenlein

2.	SNS is referred to as (a) Social Networking sites (b) Software Networking sites (c) Social Network Site
3.	Is not among the following
	(a) Digg (b) research gate (c) slide rockets
4.	The platform that is used to shar4 research, monitor deep analysis around the impact of research and track the researcher of academics followed by the users (a) Linked in (b) research gate (c) Academia
5.	Is a social media news and entertainment website where registered users summit contents in the form of a link or text post (a) Delicious (b) Reddit (c) Digg
6.	Blogger, Wikipedia, Twitter are all under blogging and microblogging tools (a) False (b) True (C) Maybe
7.	Which of the following is an online presentation platform that let users create, manage, share and measure presentations? (a) Slide share (b) slide rockets (c) scribe
8.	is a free 3D virtual world where users can socialize, connects and create using free voice and text chat (a) Instagram (b) Facebook (c) second life
9.	A situation where learners performs very well above average in an academic work is known as
	(a) Scholar (b) Good academic performance (c) Genius
10.	A social media method that was provided to help shy student is known as (a) Open class (b) E- classroom (c) black channels
	ANSWERS TO GNS 211 MOUDLE 15
	(1) C (2) A (3) C (4) C (5) B (6) A (7) A (8) C (9) B (10) C

GNS 211 MOUDLE 16 REVISION QUESTIONS COMPLIED BY OMIDAN

- _____connotes the art of pretending to be an ancestral personage
 (a) Masquerade (b) Masquerader
- 2. Producing can be described as
 - (a) the ways of mobilizing and harnessing resources both human and material
 - (b) the ways of mobilizing and harnessing resources both human and material to organize an event either to make profit or not
 - (c) the ways of mobilizing and harnessing resources for the benefit of the producer
- 3. _____ is another key term in the study of the relationship between the aesthetic/religious and management of the traditional festivals among the Yoruba
 - (a) Production (b) producer (c) productivity (d) producing
- 4. The relationship between the masquerade and masquerader
 - (A) Develops some mythical changes in the person (b) undergo supernatural powers (c) usually undergo a psychic change
- 5. Masquerader refers to the person
 - (a) Walks and acts passed (b) who carries the masquerade (c) who prefers to be called that
- 6. A producer is the person(s) responsible
 - (a) For seeing to the organization and management of the festival
 - (b) For producing the movie
 - (C) None of the above
- 7. Masks and masquerades are still strong indigenous beliefs that are not just relics of the past
 - (a) False (b) maybe (c) True
- 8. The festivals are used for the conservations of not only cultural heritage but also moral values and other concrete aspects of natural sources in indigenous societies
 - (a) Maybe (b) False (c) True
- 9. Masquerades are not associated primarily with some reenactments of mythological events
 - (a) False (b) True (c) maybe
- 10. Festivals are said to be efficacious, religious and as well aesthetic

(a) True (b) maybe (c) false ANSWER TO GNS 211 MOULDE 16 (1) A (2) B (3) D (4) C (5) B (6) A (7) C (8) C (9) B (10) A SUCCESS IN YOUR EXAMS FROM OMIDAN \square