

FEDERAL UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY OWERRI
SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

2018/2019 HARMATTAN SEMESTER ENG 307 - ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS I TEST

INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS; TIME ALLOWED: 1 HOURS; DATE: WEDNESDAY APRIL 17, 2019

- 1) If $h = f(u, v, w) = uv + uw + vw$ where $u = y^2$, $v = x^2 + 2xy$ and $w = x^2 - 2xy$. Using the chain rule obtain a) $\frac{\partial h}{\partial x}$ and b) $\frac{\partial h}{\partial y}$ (5 marks).
- 2) Using the Power Series Method, compute the first 5 f_n of the following Z-transform: $F(z) = \frac{0.09z^2 + 0.9z + 0.09}{12.6z^2 - 24z + 11.4}$ (5 marks).
- 3) Use your knowledge of Gamma and Beta functions to determine this integral $I = \int_0^1 x^5 (2-x)^4 dx$ (5 marks).

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2018/2019 HARMATTAN SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS; ENG 307- ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS I
INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS; TIME ALLOWED: THREE (3) HOURS; DATE: June 06, 2019

QUESTION 1a) Find the differential equation of the two-parameter family of conics $ax^2 + by^2 = 1$ where a and b are arbitrary constants. (10 Marks). 1b) Check exactness and then solve the differential equation $(y^2 - 2xy + 6x)dx - (x^2 - 2xy + 2)dy = 0$ (10 Marks).

QUESTION 2a) Express the following in 'straight line' form and state the variables to be plotted on the x- and y-axes to give a straight line. i) $y = ax^n$, ii) $y = x + Ae^{kx}$ iii) $y = \frac{A}{B+x}$ iv) $x^2(y^2 - 1) = k$ (8 Marks).

2b) The current, I milliamperes, in a circuit is measured for various values of applied voltage V volts. If the law connecting I and V is $I = aV^n$, where a and n are constants, apply the method of least squares to obtain the values of a and n that give the best fit to the given set of values. (12 Marks).

V	8	12	15	20	28	36
I	41.1	55.6	65.8	81.6	105	127

QUESTION 3) Using your knowledge Gamma and Beta functions evaluate the following integrals: a) $\int_0^{1/2} x^4(1-2x)^3 dx$ (10 Marks).

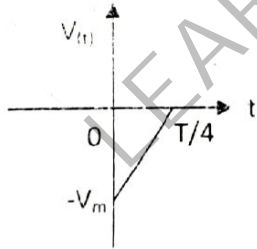
b) $\int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} x^2 \sqrt{1-2x^2} dx$ (10 Marks) given that gamma $3/2$ and 3 are $\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$ and 2.0 , respectively.

QUESTION 4 The periodic function $v(t)$ shown below is odd and has both half-wave and quarter-wave symmetry.

a) Sketch one full cycle of the function over the interval $-\frac{T}{4} \leq t \leq \frac{3T}{4}$, and also two full cycles of $f(t)$ over the interval $-\frac{T}{2} \leq t \leq \frac{3T}{2}$ given that $f(t) = \frac{dv(t)}{dt}$. (5 marks)

b) Find the Fourier series for $f(t)$ expressing the series in the alternative trigonometric form. (10 marks)

c) Estimate the rms value of $f(t)$ using the first five non zero terms in its Fourier series representation. [Take $\frac{V_m}{T} = 0.125$] (5 marks)



QUESTION 5:

(a) Enumerate the 4 steps that should be employed in the use of Laplace Transforms for solution of Ordinary Constant Coefficient Linear Differential equations. (6 Marks)

(b) Using Laplace Transforms, solve the Engineering system represented by the following set of Ordinary Differential Equation

$$2x' + y = \cos(t), \text{ and } y' - 2x = \sin(t)$$

subject to the initial conditions $x(0) = 0$, and $y(0) = 1$. (14 Marks)

QUESTION 6:

(a) Find and classify the stationary points of: $g(x, y) = \frac{1}{2}x^2y - 2xy + \frac{2}{3}y^3$. (8 marks)

(b) Find the maximum and minimum values of: $f(x, y) = xy^2$ subject to the circular constraint: $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, using Lagrange multiplier. (6 marks)

(c) Find the absolute error in: $V = \sqrt{\frac{3x}{y}}$ due to error of 0.01 in x and 0.03 in y at $(x, y) = (1, 2)$ and compare his with the actual error. (6 marks)