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- ✓ *The scholarship test only aims at testing your ability to solve problems correctly at the least possible time.*
- ✓ *Always make sure you go first for the questions involving calculations.*
- ✓ *Pay attention to instructions as that is the best key to opening your success gate.*
- ✓ *This material is meant to prepare you ahead and also understand the concept of the aptitude test, questions may not be repeated.*

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**Things you must know about
scholarship aptitude test**



**Company scholarship
payment**

Award

MTN	N200,000
Agip	N100,000
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All these firms pay you until you graduate.

IMPORTANTLY, all states are inclusive in the
scholarships



GRAMMATICAL EXERESSION TEST

Time allowed: 15minutes

**Instruction for the options lettered A-D,
choose the one which best explains the
meaning of the idiom/phrase in italics in
the sentence.**

1. Dowry is a burning question of the day
 - (a) Relevant problem
 - (b) Dying issue
 - (c) An irrelevant problem
 - (d) A widely debated issue
2. When I saw him in the morning, he looked like a duck in a thunder storm
 - (a) Timid
 - (b) Peaceful
 - (c) Distressed
 - (d) Indomitable
3. I am afraid the two brothers are at cross purposes
 - (a) Quarrelling with each other
 - (b) Dislike each other
 - (c) Are working against each other
 - (d) Are misunderstanding each other
4. He fell ill at ease after receiving the letter from his son
 - (a) Disturbed
 - (b) Relieved
 - (c) Embarrassed

(d) Sick

1

His hard earned money has gone down the drain.

- (a) Has been wasted
 - (b) Has been spent
 - (c) Has been collected
 - (d) Has been looted.
5. He is temporarily in charge of the company and is trying to feather his nest
 - (a) Raise the image of the company
 - (b) Bring order and discipline in the company
 - (c) Act for his own future benefits
 - (d) Diversify the products of the company.
 6. He is really a broken reed
 - (a) A frustrated man
 - (b) An unsuccessful person
 - (c) One who has lost in business
 - (d) Undependable.
 7. John was left high and dry by his friends when he lost all his money.
 - (a) Isolated
 - (b) Rejected
 - (c) Wounded
 - (d) Depressed
 8. The train was late and we had to kick our heels
 - (a) Run fast
 - (b) Wait eagerly
 - (c) Waste time
 - (d) Play some game



9. His most trusted friend proved to be
a snake in the grass

2

- (a) Cowardly and brutal
- (b) An unreliable and deceitful person
- (c) A hidden enemy
- (d) Low and mean

10. He is a queer fish, I have failed to understand him

- (a) Funny person
- (b) Sensitive person
- (c) Strange person
- (d) Quarrelsome person

11. Who will carry the day in this war?

- (a) Win
- (b) Attack first
- (c) Be defeated
- (d) Withdraw first

12. Being an introvert, he will only
eat his heart out

- (a) Eat too much
- (b) Keep brooding
- (c) Invite trouble
- (d) Suffer silently

13. One should not indulge in tall talks

- (a) Flattering
- (b) Boasting
- (c) Ideal talk
- (d) Irrelevant talk

14. He left his friend in lurch

- (a) Left forever
- (b) Left temporarily

- (c) Left to his fate
- (d) Left when he was needing help.

15. It is difficult for me to believe you, so please

3

put down everything in
black and white

- (a) In detail
- (b) In written form
- (c) Sequentially as it happened
- (d) What you saw

16. The number of globetrotters has
increased after the second world war

- (a) Foreign countries
- (b) Great persons
- (c) People of importance
- (d) Travelers around the world

17. None of this hanky-panky; please talk
straight

- (a) Indifference
- (b) Jugglery
- (c) Diversification
- (d) Obsession

18. Samson used very ugly words against his
kind uncle;

he threw down the gauntlet before hi.

- (a) He abused and insulted him
- (b) He behaved as if he was very great
and important person
- (c) He threw the challenge
- (d) He put several conditions for
negotiations

19. He has designed on the young girl.

- (a) Wants to rape
- (b) Desired to be alone with
- (c) Wants to cheat



(d) Wants to be intimate with.

20. Child hood and innocence lie cheek by **4**

- (a) Together
- (b) One after another
- (c) Side by side
- (d) Proportionately

21. This report calls in question all
previous research on the subject.

- (a) Recalls
- (b) Criticize
- (c) Challenges
- (d) Takes note of

22. You cannot throw dust into my eyes

- (a) Hurt me
- (b) Abuse me
- (c) Terrify me
- (d) Cheat me

23. It is clear that the ideas of both
reformers ran in the same groove

- (a) Promoted each other
- (b) Clashed with each other
- (c) Advanced in harmony
- (d) Moved in different directions.

24. The sailor found himself between
the devil and the deep sea

- (a) Lost in the deep ocean
- (b) Facing two challenges
- (c) Facing two equally bad alternatives
- (d) Confronting two opportunities

5 The police are used to seeing the
seamy side of life

- (a) An adventurous life
- (b) A life full of risks
- (c) Immoral aspect of society
- (d) Criminal society

26. She knew she was dead but was
completely at sea about the cause of her death

- (a) Anxious
- (b) Confused
- (c) Ignorant
- (d) Certain

27. I just paid him a left handed compliment.

- (a) An honest
- (b) A well deserved
- (c) An insincere
- (d) A flattering

28. She was received by her friends with
open arms

- (a) Indifferently
- (b) Warmly
- (c) Casually
- (d) Coldly

29. It was after a long time that the police
was able to lay the thief by the heels

- (a) Run fast after
- (b) Play tricks on
- (c) Chase and capture
- (d) Arrest.



30. Since he already has cushy job, he can afford to be extravagant.

6

- (a) Luxurious job
- (b) Job with no work
- (c) Everlasting job
- (d) Financially comfortable

31. It has been raining cats and dogs

- (a) Incessantly
- (b) Heavily
- (c) Endlessly
- (d) Continuously

32. There is no hard and fast rule regarding this subject

- (a) Rule that is difficult
- (b) Rule that is fast changing
- (c) Rule that cannot be broken or modified
- (d) Rule that can be broken or modifies

33. The lady was shedding crocodile tears

- (a) Silent tears
- (b) Profuse tears
- (c) False tears
- (d) Tears of happiness

34. Do not ride rough shod over the poor

- (a) Give undue importance to
- (b) Hate
- (c) Treat harshly
- (d) Pamper

35. His biographers discovered that he was an atheist to the back bone

(a) Completely

(b) By and large

(c) From birth

(d) To some extent

36. You will get into hot water if you commit the same mistake again.

- (a) Suffer
- (b) Be in affix
- (c) Incur loss
- (d) Be in trouble

37. His phenomenal success shows that he has got the midas touch

- (a) Fabulous wealth
- (b) Tremendous acquaintances and resources
- (c) Superhuman qualities
- (d) Ability to succeed in all project

38. The movement for the world unity is in the offing

- (a) At the end
- (b) About to start
- (c) On decline
- (d) In the air

39. Although both partners are running the business for the last twelve years but their business is now on its last leg

- (a) About to take off.
- (b) About to perish
- (c) About to produce result
- (d) About to fructify



8

40. The social worker rendered yeoman service to the victims
(a) Excellent service
(b) Paid service
(c) Free, generous help
(d) Needed aid
41. His voice gets on my nerve
(a) Makes me sad
(b) Irritates me
(c) Makes me ill
(d) Pierces my eardrums
42. The captain played with determination because the honour of the team was at stake
(a) Inevitable
(b) At the top
(c) Necessary
(d) In danger
43. Some people have a habit of wearing their heart on their sleeve
(a) Avoiding being friendly with others
(b) Saying something which is not to be taken serious
(c) Exposing their innermost feeling to others
(d) Wasting their time on unnecessary detail
44. Leaders should not only make speeches, they should also be prepared to bail the cat
(a) To be alert of the enemy
(b) To take lead in danger
(c) To peak against a wrong policy
(d) To have enough say in the government

9

ANSWERS

- | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. D | 16. B | 31. D |
| 2. C | 17. D | 32. B |
| 3. D | 18. B | 33. C |
| 4. C | 19. C | 34. C |
| 5. A | 20. A | 35. C |
| 6. C | 21. C | 36. A |
| 7. A | 22. C | 37. D |
| 8. B | 23. D | 38. D |
| 9. C | 24. C | 39. B |
| 10. C | 25. C | 40. B |
| 11. C | 26. D | 41. C |
| 12. A | 27. B | 42. B |
| 13. D | 28. C | 43. D |
| 14. B | 29. B | 44. C |
| 15. D | 30. C | 45. B |



GRAMMATICAL EXPRESSION
TEST II

10

From the options lettered A-D,
choose the option that best completes
the sentence

1. He is _____ a sailor
(a) Cut down
(b) Cut up
(c) Cut off
(d) Cut out for
2. Our teacher often tells us a story to
_____ the meaning of a lesson
(a) Bring in
(b) Bring out
(c) Bring up
(d) Bring forth
3. Who will _____ my room everyday in
your absence?
(a) Do with
(b) Do up
(c) Do for
(d) Do away with
4. The problem is who will _____ this child
(a) Bring in
(b) Bring out
(c) Bring up
(d) Bring forth
5. Never _____ till tomorrow what you can do today
(a) Put off
(b) Put by

(c) Put up

11

Put in

6. At last the rioters _____
(a) Fall in
(b) Fall out
(c) Fall back
(d) Fall off
7. His disease has _____ a chronic state
(a) Pass into
(b) Pass for
(c) Pass off
(d) Pass away
8. The eagle is _____ prey
(a) Looking over
(b) Looking into
(c) Looking for
(d) Look out for
9. _____ the word in the dictionary
(a) Look to
(b) Look up
(c) Look after
(d) Look on
10. I cannot _____ anything _____
this telegram
(a) Make up
(b) Make out
(c) Make over
(d) Make of



11. The fire _____ a dense smoke
(a) Gave off
(b) Gave away
(c) Went into
(d) Went upon
12. The two brothers quarreled sometime ago, but they have now _____
(a) Made up
(b) Made out
(c) Made over
(d) Made of
13. The building was _____
(a) Pulled up
(b) Pulled through
(c) Pulled down
(d) Pulled together
14. He _____ his dishonest servant
(a) Turned up
(b) Turned off
(c) Turned out
(d) Turned away
15. We have no data to _____
(a) Give off
(b) Give away
(c) Go into
(d) Go upon
16. Three months _____ without the accused being traced out
(a) Gone by
(b) Gone through
(c) Gone down

(d) Gone over

17. He has patiently _____ the sufferings of life
(a) Gone by
(b) Gone through
(c) Gone down
(d) Gone over
18. The audience was _____ by his wit
(a) Carried away
(b) Carried out
(c) Carried on
(d) Carried through
19. A judge should _____ equal justice to all
(a) Deal with
(b) Deal by
(c) Deal out
(d) Deal in
20. The army intends to _____ the bridge with gunpowder
(a) Blow out
(b) Blow up
(c) Blow away
(d) Blow into
21. The company intends to _____ many books this year
(a) Bring in
(b) Bring out
(c) Bring up
(d) Bring forth
22. They _____ the old mango tree
(a) Cut down
(b) Cut up
(c) Cut off
(d) Cut off cut out for



15

23. We are ____ the lost keys
(a) Looking over
(b) Looking into
(c) Looking for
(d) Looking out for
24. At present many persons oppose my scheme, but by and by they will _____
(a) Fall in
(b) Fall out
(c) Fall back
(d) Fall off
25. The rebels _____ their arms
(a) Laid out
(b) Laid by
(c) Laid down
(d) Laid up
26. He is _____ with fever
(a) Laid out
(b) Laid by
(c) Laid down
(d) Laid up
27. You must ____ this book again
(a) Go by
(b) Go through
(c) Go down
(d) Go over
28. The rope _____ while the workmen were hauling up the iron pillar
(a) Gave off
(b) Gave away
(c) Went into

(d) Went upon

16

- We should ____ the dowry practice
(a) Do with
(b) Do up
(c) Do for
(d) Do away with
30. The standard of efficiency in public service has _____
(a) Fallen in
(b) Fallen out
(c) Falling back
(d) Falling through
31. Ripe mangoes have started _____
(a) Falling in
(b) Falling out
(c) Falling back
(d) Falling through
32. The soldier has no choice but to ____ his officer's orders.
(a) Carry away
(b) Carry out
(c) Carry on
(d) Carry through
33. Idleness and luxury _____ poverty and want
(a) Bring in
(b) Bring out
(c) Bring up
(d) Bring forth
34. How much will this auction _____?
(a) Bring in
(b) Bring out
(c) Bring up



(d) Bring forth

35. The news of his sons' death _____ him _____ **17**

greatly

- (a) Cut down
- (b) Cut up
- (c) Cut off
- (d) Cut off cut out for

36. I _____ him as my son

- (a) Look to
- (b) Look up
- (c) Look after
- (d) Look on

37. Please _____ this columns of figures

- (a) Cast away
- (b) Cast down
- (c) Cast up
- (d) Cast aside

38. He managed to _____ to the examination

- (a) Pull up
- (b) Pull through
- (c) Pull down
- (d) Pull together

39. The auditor _____ the balance sheet

- (a) Go by
- (b) Go through
- (c) Go down
- (d) Go over

40. The chief guest _____ the prizes

- (a) Gave over
- (b) Gave out
- (c) Gave in
- (d) Gave away

41. Contentment _____ happiness

- (a) Makes for
- (b) Makes up
- (c) Makes over
- (d) Makes out

42. The two brother quarreled sometime ago, but they have now _____ it _____

- (a) Made up
- (b) Made out
- (c) Made over
- (d) Made of

43. The striker seem determined and are not likely to _____

- (a) Give over
- (b) Give out
- (c) Give in
- (d) Give away

44. As neither of us would give in, the bargain _____

- (a) Fell through
- (b) Fell out
- (c) Fell back
- (d) Fell off

45. The troops have exhausted the ammunition the cannot _____ any longer

- (a) Carry away
- (b) Carry out
- (c) Carry on
- (d) Carry through



ANSWERS

19

1. **D-** cut out for- fitted to be
2. **B-** bring out (show)
3. **B-** do up (make tidy)
4. **C-**bring up (rear)
5. **A-**put off (post pone)
6. **C-** fell back (yielded)
7. **A-** passed into (charged into)
8. **D-** looking out for (to be on watch for)
9. **B-** look up-search for
10. **D-** make of- understand
- 11.**A-** gave off (emitted)
- 12.**A** – made up-(reconciled)
- 13.**C** – pulled down – (demolished)
- 14.**D** – turned away
- 15.**D** – go up (on which to base our conclusion)
- 16.**A** – went by (elapsed)
- 17.**B-** gone through – endured
- 18.**A-** carried away (enamoured)
- 19.**C-** deal out-distribute
- 20.**B-**blow up-destroy by explosion
- 21.**B-**bring out
- 22.**A-**cut down
- 23.**C-**looking for-search for

24. **A-**fall in –agree
25. **C-**laid down- surrendered
26. **D-**laid up-confined to bed
27. **B-** go through-read
28. **B-** gave away-broke
29. **D-** do away with-remove
30. **D-** fallen off-deteriorated
31. **D-**falling off=-dropping
32. **B-**carry out-to execute
33. **C-**bring forth-cause
34. **A-**bring in-yield
35. **B-**cut up-distressed
36. **D-** look on-regard
37. **C-**casts up-calculate
38. **B-**pull through- pass with difficulty
39. **D-** went over-examined
40. **D-** gave away-distributed
41. **A-** makes for-results in
42. **A-** made up-reconciled
43. **C-** give in – yield
44. **A** fell through-came to nothing
45. **C-** carry on-continue



ANALOGY TEST

INSTRUCTION:

In each of the questions below, the first two words written in bold letters have a definite relationship. Choose one word out of the given four options which will fill in the blank space and show the same relationship with the third word as between the first two. The first one is done for you.

Wool: Warmth

- A. Spring: Elasticity
- B. Marketing: Advertising
- C. Person: Success
- D. Radio: Broadcaster

Answer = A Spring: Elasticity

Now do the following

1. Joy: Euphoria

- (a) Poverty: Wealth
- (b) Melancholy: Depression
- (c) Sorrow: Joy
- (d) Noise: Pollution

2. Teeth: Density

- (a) Legs: Philanthropist
- (b) Eyes: Oculist
- (c) Operation: Surgeon
- (d) Sight: Spectator

3. Taxonomist: Classify

- (a) Haggler: Bargain
- (b) Doctor: Medicine
- (c) Kind: Alms
- (d) Engineer: Building

4. Botany: Plants

- (a) Ornithology: Eggs
- (b) Conology: Fossils
- (c) Pathology: Man
- (d) Entomology: Insects

5. Calligraphy: Writing

- (a) Music: Song
- (b) Lyric: Poem
- (c) Drama: Prose
- (d) Chapter: Stanza

6. Dexterous: Clumsy

- (a) Sheer: Transparent
- (b) Browse: Look
- (c) Blame: Criticize
- (d) Pessimist: Hopeful

7. Silence: Noise

- (a) Baldness: Hair
- (b) Sing: Dance
- (c) Quit: Peace
- (d) Talk: Whisper

8. Knowledge: Ignorance

- (a) Cure: health
- (b) Conceal: hide
- (c) Breath: suffocate
- (d) Construction: war

9. Dislike: repulsion

- (a) Dream: sleep
- (b) Steal: crime
- (c) Reputation: behavior
- (d) Intelligence: wit



10. Perjury: oath

- (a) Jury: vow
- (b) Disrespect: age
- (c) Embezzlement: trust
- (d) Plagiarism: authority

11. Umpire: game

- (a) Prodigy: wonder
- (b) Moderator: debate
- (c) Legislator: election
- (d) Chef: banquet

12. Executioner: criminal

- (a) Florist: flower
- (b) Convict: murderer
- (c) Butcher: animals
- (d) Worker: manager

13. Curator: museum

- (a) Wit: wisdom
- (b) Bank: teller
- (c) Manager: office
- (d) Doctor: patient

14. Perforate: holes

- (a) Repent: sins
- (b) Speckle: spots
- (c) Filter: water
- (d) Decorate: rooms

15. Embroider: cloth

- (a) Patch: quilt
- (b) Stain: glass
- (c) Carve: knife
- (d) Chase: metal

16. Loyalty: traitor

- (a) Understanding: sage
- (b) Diligence: worker
- (c) Hope: optimist
- (d) Truthfulness: liar

17. Legendary: myth

- (a) Witty: amicable
- (b) Length: sermon
- (c) Comic: epic
- (d) Didactic: fable

18. Necessity: Invention

- (a) Curiosity: knowledge
- (b) Nation: citizen
- (c) Language: conversation
- (d) Price: commodity

19. Fury: Ire

- (a) Amusement: happiness
- (b) Joke: laugh
- (c) Convulsion: spasm
- (d) Cry: whisper

20. Animal: zoology

- (a) Body: physiology
- (b) Disease: bacteriology
- (c) Poems: anthology
- (d) Man: philanthropy

21. Biography: autobiography

- (a) Memoirs: history
- (b) Author: performer
- (c) Mobile: automobile
- (d) Testimony: confession



22. Agenda: meeting
(a) Programme: function
(b) Performance: ticket
(c) Map: scale
(d) Footnote: article
23. **Intelligentsia: elitist**
(a) Commonality: common
(b) Gentry: public
(c) Rabble: plebeian
(d) Outer shell: sea shell
24. **Are: circle**
(a) Segment: line
(b) Fraction: percentage
(c) Pie: slice
(d) Number: count
25. Marathon: stamina
(a) Relay: independence
(b) Jog: weariness
(c) Sprint: celerity
(d) Hurdle: perseverance
26. Paradigm: pattern
(a) Structure: framework
(b) Maxim: theory
(c) Container: content
(d) Skeleton: flesh
27. Practice: perfection
(a) Perseverance: achievement
(b) Run: jump
(c) Examination: qualification
(d) Medicine: treatment

28. Court: justice
(a) Police: crime
(b) Teacher: study
(c) Doctor: sickness
(d) Auditor: accuracy
29. Question: question mark
(a) Remark: colon
(b) Aside: parenthesis
(c) Sentence: period
(d) Clause: semicolon
30. Shower: deluge
(a) Utter: yell
(b) Shout: cry
(c) Thunder: storm
(d) Real: simulated
31. Bruise: fall
(a) Walk: run
(b) Would: anticipate
(c) Topsy: drink
(d) Tonic: health
32. Abrupt: sudden
(a) Dearth: plenty
(b) Accident: mishap
(c) Pacify: provoke
(d) Eminent: notorious
33. Hook: fish
(a) Stadium: games
(b) Glove: ball
(c) Symphony: music
(d) Word: alphabet



34. Elegy: sorrow
(a) Encomium: criticism
(b) Requiem: euphoria
(c) Tirade: joy
(d) Eulogy: admiration
35. Restaurant: meme
(a) Library: catalogue
(b) Journal: newspaper
(c) Book: encyclopedia
(d) College: account
36. Ogle: observe
(a) Flaunt: display
(b) Discern: perceive
(c) Clariour: despite
(d) Haggle: outbid
37. Diplomat: tactless
(a) Coward: intrepid
(b) Boor: offensive
(c) Charlatan: guileful
(d) Starving: weak
38. Poverty: prosperity
(a) Love: sorrow
(b) Train: cart
(c) Rain: flood
(d) Intelligence: stupid
39. Dubious: indisputable
(a) Slander: libel
(b) Painful: tormenting
(c) Avaricious: generous
(d) Perspicacious: tenacity

40. Cairo: Egypt
(a) Bangladesh: Europe
(b) Africa: Nigeria
(c) Paris: France
(d) Abuja: Imo
41. Defunct: Life
(a) Stagnant: motion
(b) Orderly: pattern
(c) Arid: desert
(d) Obese: weight
42. Bear: Hibernation
(a) Man: immigration
(b) Bird: migration
(c) Food: adulteration
(d) Frog: aestivation
43. Expend: Replenish
(a) Exhort: encourage
(b) Formant: rebellion
(c) Defect: region
(d) Encroachment: occupy
44. Confine: Prisoner
(a) Impeach: president
(b) Detect: suspect
(c) Ambush: sentry
(d) Trace: fugitive
45. Identify: Anonymity
(a) Flaw: Perfection
(b) Careless: mistake
(c) Truth: lie
(d) Fear: joy



ANSWERS AND EXPLANATIONS

1. **B-** second is of higher intensity than the other
2. **B-** A dentist examines the teeth; likewise an oculist examines the eye.
3. **A-**A taxonomist classifies and a haggler bargains
4. **D-**first is the branch of science which deals with the study of the second
5. **B-**first is a type of the second
6. **D-**the words in each pair are opposite in meaning to each other
7. **A-** first refers to the state of absence of the second
8. **C-**the words in each pair are antonyms of each other
9. **D-**first results in the second
10. **C-**first results to violation of the second
11. **B-**first is the person who helps to reach a consensus or decision in the second
12. **C-**first is responsible for the death of the second
13. **C-** second is the place taken are of by the first

14. **B-** perforated means to bore holes. Similarity, speckle means to leave spot
15. **D-**A pattern is embroidered on a cloth and a chase on a metal
16. **D-**first denotes a quality opposite to that of the second
17. **D-**first is denotes the nature of the second
18. **A-**first is essentially required for the second
19. **C-**first is more intense form of second
20. **A-**zoology-studies animals why physiology studies the body
21. **D-**biography a life story of a person is written by someone else while autobiography is lie story of person written by the person himself, likewise: testimony is a solemn declaration of someone's wrong doings by another person while confession is one's claim of oneself being a wrong doer.



22. **a** –first contains detail of the second.
23. **C**-the words in each pair are synonyms of each other
24. **A**-first is fragment of the second
25. **C**-second is essentially required for the first
26. **A**-the words in each pair are synonyms of each other
27. **A**-second is the result of the first
28. **D**- court provides justice, similarity, auditor provides accuracy in financial matters
29. **B**-second is the mark used for the first
30. **A**-second is more intense form of the first
31. **C**-first is the result of the second
32. **B**-first is more intense form of the second
33. **B**-first is used to help catch the second
34. **D**- Elegy is a song of sorrow, likewise, is a speech of admiration
35. **A**-the second gives a list of items present in the first
36. **A**-first is more intense form of the second

37. **A**-the words in each pair are antonyms of each other.
38. **D**-the words in each pair are antonyms of each other
39. **C**-the words in each pair are antonyms of each other
40. **C**-the first is the capital of the second
41. **A**-the words in each pair are antonyms of each other
42. **B**-A bear during cold weather hibernates itself similarly a bird migrates to protect itself from cold
43. **C**- the words in each pair are antonyms of each other
44. **B**-A prisoner is confined for punishment similarly, a suspect is detained for enquiry
45. **A**-second is the state of lack of the first



DATA SUFFICIENCY TEST

INSTRUCTION: The questions below consists of two statements labeled (1) and (2) decide if the data gives in the statements are sufficient for answering the question. Using the data given in the statements plus your knowledge of mathematics, you are to select .

- (A) Statement
(1) **Alone** is sufficient, but statement
(2) Alone is **not** sufficient to answer the question asked
- (B) Statement
(2) **Alone** is sufficient, but statement.
(1) Alone is not sufficient to answer the question asked
- (C) **BOTH** statements (1) and (2) **TOGETHER** are sufficient to answer the question asked but **NEITHER** statement **ALONE** is sufficient
- (D) **EACH** statement **ALONE** is sufficient to answer the question asked
- (E) Statements(1) and (2) **TOGETHER** are **NOT** sufficient to answer the question asked. An additional data specific to the problem are needed.

- (1) What is the value of $x^2 - 4y^2$?
(a) $X - 2y = 0$
(b) $X + 2y = 0$
- (2) In clearing a farm how many hours will it take Philip and Sheddy to a fenced land?
(1) Philip clears a plot in 2 hours
(2) Sheddy clears a plot in 3 hours
(3) What is the arithmetic mean of a, b and c?
(1) The arithmetic mean of a and b is 5
(2) The arithmetic mean of a and c is 9
- (4) What is the value of z?
(1) $z - x + 2y = 11$
(2) $4y - zx + 8 = 0$
- (5) If $x < y < z$ are odd integers, are they consecutive odd integers
(1) $z - x = 4$
(2) y is the numerical average of x and z
- (6) Is 5x an integer?
(1) $10x - 5x$ are integers
(2) $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{6}{x}$



(7) If the cold water tap and hot water tap running together could fill a bathtub in 30 minutes, how long would it take the hot water tap alone to fill the tub?

- (1) The cold water tap alone could fill the tub in 45 minutes
- (2) The hot water tap can fill a 10-gallon tank in 10 minutes

(8) What is the value of x ?

- (1) $x^2 - 4x + 3 = 0$
- (2) $x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$

(9) How many degrees are there in the smallest angle in a triangle?

- (1) The largest angle is 105°
- (2) The angles in the triangle are the ratio 2:3:7

(10) How many litres of oil will a car burn in a 3600-mile trip?

- (1) The car burns half a litre of oil every 100 mile
- (2) At N1.50 a litre, the car uses N2.70 worth of oil during the trip

(11) $\triangle ABC$ is a right triangle with hypotenus $AB = 10$. What is the perpendicular distance from C to AB ?

- (1) $Ac = 6$
- (2) The area of the triangle is 24 square Units

(12) If x is an odd integer, is y an odd integer?

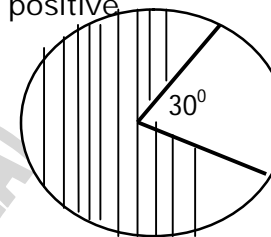
- (1) The average of x and y is odd
- (2) The average of $x_1 y$ and $(y+1)$ is an integer
- (13) If $2x+y \neq 0$, What is the ratio of x to $x+y$

$$(1) \frac{2x-y}{2x+y} = 0$$

$$(2) X+y = 3$$

(14) X is an even number. What is X ?

- (1) The square of x is 4 more than 10 times the next larger even number
- (2) X is positive



(15) In the figure above, what is the diameter of the circle?

- (1) The area of the largest section of the circle is 33π
- (2) The length of the arc on the unshaded portion of the circle is π

(16) If X and Y are integers not equal to 1, what is the value of Y ?

- (a) $X^2 y = 36$
- (b) $2xy = 24$



(17) x is equal to one of the following numbers $1/3, 2/7, 3/14$, what is the value of $1/x$

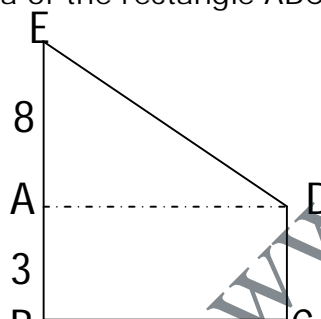
- (a) $2.5 < 1/x < 3.7$
- (b) $2.8 < 1/x < 3.9$

(18) Chelsea football club lost 60% of their matches in the first season. If they played no draws. What was their overall winning percentage for the first two seasons?

- (a) Chelsea won 73% of her matches in the second season
- (b) She played twice as many matches in the second season as she played in her first.

(19) What is the perimeter of BCDE in the figure below

- (a) The perimeter of the rectangle ABCD is 18
- (2) The area of the rectangle ABCD is 18



(20) What is the total profit on sales of seven dozen washers?

- (1) Washers are bought for N45 per dozen and sold at 4 for N18
- (2) The total profit on washer is 20%

ANSWER AND EXPLANATION:

1. **D** $x^2 - 4y^2 = (x+2y)(x-2y)$ is difference of two squares. If either factor is zero, the product is zero. Therefore, either statement (1) or statements (2) alone is sufficient.
2. **E**- Statement tells us nothing about sheddy's speed. Eliminating choices A and D. statement (2) tells us nothing about Philip's speed. We are left with (C) or (E). Though we know the number of plots each can clear in an hour, however, we are not told how many plots there are so (E) is the best option.
3. **E** to find the arithmetic mean of a, b and c , it is required to find $a + b + c$. from statement (1) we know that $a + b = 10$ ie $a + b = 5 \geq a + b = 2 \times 5 = 10$ but we know nothing about c , choice (B), (C) and (E). From statement (2) we know that $a + c = 18$, but we know nothing about b . choice (C) and (E) remain. Combining the two, we still do not have enough information. E is the best option.
4. **C**- obviously, one equation in three unknown will not answer the question, there are three choices (C) or (E) is the answer it is usual to solve three equations to solve for three unknown. In this case however, statement (2) tells us that $-2x + 4y = -8 \Rightarrow -x + 2y = -4$ notice statement (1) $[z(-x + 2y) = 11]$ substituting -4 for $-x + 2y$ in (1) $z(-4) = 11 \Rightarrow z = -11/4$



5. **A-** From statement(1) alone, we know that the answer is yes. Do you see why? Since z is 4 more than x , $z=x+4$. And since y must be an odd integer between them, y must be $x+2$, leaving choice (A) and (D) statement(2) is certainly true for consecutive odd integers but it is also true for sets like 7,11,15

6. **D -** From statement (1) $15x-10x=5x$ and the difference of two integers is an integer. Statement (2) gives an equation that can be solved by multiplying both sides by the least common denominator $6x$ to yield $3x+2x = 36$, $5x/5 = 36/5$ and $5x = 36$.

7. **A –** let C be the capacity of the tub. In one minute, the taps together will fill $1/30$ of the tub. From statement (1), the cold water tap will fill $1/45$ of the tub in one minute. That mean that the hot water tap must be filling $1/30-1/45=1/90$ of the tub in one minute. In other words, it would take 90 minutes to fill the tub. This leaves choice (A) or (D). statement (2) alone tells us how fast water runs into the tub, but since we do not know its capacity we cannot tell how long it will take to fill.

8. **B –** Statement (1) is a factorizable quadratic equation for which $(x-3)(x-1) = 0$. Giving two possibilities, $x=1$ or $x=3$, which leaves choices (B), (C) and (E), statement (2) is also a quadratic equation, but when factored, it yields $(x-1)(x-1)=0$ ie

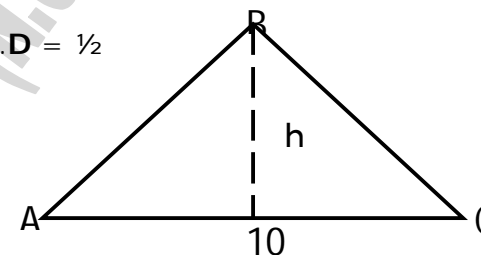
there is just one root, $x=1$.

9. **B –** From the statement (1) alone, you know only that the other two angles must sum to 75° . Choices (A) and (D) are eliminated. Using statement(2) alone, we let the number of degrees in the smallest angle be $2k$. now the two are $3k$ and $7k$, adding them

together $2k+3k+7k=180$; $12k=180$; $k=15$; and the middle angle is $3(15) = 45^\circ$.

10. **D-** In thousands, $3600 = 3.6$. Hence from statement (1) alone we know that the car burns $3.6 \times (1/2) = 1.8$ litres leaving choices (A) and (D). letting $g =$ the number of litres of oil statement (2) tells $12.5 = 2.7g$, dividing $1.5g=1.8$

11. **D =** $\frac{1}{2}$





From statement (1) alone, we recognize that the triangle is a 6-8-10 right triangle. Drawing the triangle as shown above, we see that by using the two legs as base and height, the area of the triangle becomes $A = \frac{1}{2} \times (6) (8) = 24$. By the using the hypothermic and the unknown altitude, the areas becomes $A = \frac{1}{2} \times 10h = 5h$; $h = 4.8$ leaving choice (A) and (D) from statement(2) alone, we know directly that $\frac{1}{2} (10) (h) = 5h$, therefore $5h = 24$ and $h = 4.8$

12. **A** – Statement (1) alone tells us more than we need to know. Simply knowing that the average of x and y is a whole number is enough to tells us that y is odd, since the only way for the average to be a whole number is for the sum of x and y to be even. Thus, if x is odd, so is y . the answer is either choice (A) or (D). statement (2) alone is not sufficient. If y is odd, then $y+1$ is even; and if y is even, then $y+1$ is odd there are many even integers that are divisible by 3 given an integer for the average

13. **A**- Since the only way a fraction can be zero is if the numerator is zero. We know from statement (1) alone $2x=y$. we can substitute that in the ratio x to get $x = \frac{y}{2}$
 $x = 1 \quad X+2x \quad 3x \quad 3$
 choice (A) or (D) are options. Knowing only that $x+y = 3$ does not tell us the value of x in the

numerator of x and thus $X+y$ will not answer the question

14. **C**- From statement (1) alone, saying that the square of x is 4 more than 10 times the next even number mean that
 $X^2 - 10(x + 2) = 4$
 $X^2 - 10x - 20 = 4$
 $X^2 - 10x - 24 = 0$
 $(x-6)(x+4) = 0$
 $= x = 6$ or $x = -4$

Since there are two possible answers, statement (1) alone is not sufficient. Of course just knowing that x is positive is not also sufficient. The options are not choices (C) and (E). However knowing that x is positive and combining the with the information in statement (1) is sufficient to narrow down the answer to $x=6$.

15. **D** => The unshaded region is a sector with a 30° central angle which is $\frac{1}{12}$ of the circle. Hence from statement (1) alone, the shaded portion must be $330 \pi r^2 = 33\pi$

$$\frac{330}{360} r^2 = \frac{33\pi}{360}$$

$$r^2 = 33 \times \frac{360}{360}$$

$$r^2 = 36$$

$r = 6$
 diameter = $2r = 12$
 therefore statement (1) alone is sufficient. From statement (2) the



length of arc of the unshaded portion

be given by

$$\text{by } \frac{30}{360} 2\pi r = \pi$$

$$\frac{30}{360} x = 2r = 1$$

$$2r = \frac{360}{30} = 12 = \text{diameter}$$

Also statement (2) is sufficient.

The best option is (D)

16. **C**- Since x and y are integers greater than 1. It is tempting to conclude from statement (1) that $x = 2$ and $y = 9$, but it is also possible that $x = 3$ and $y = 4$ leaving choice (B), (C) and (E). from statement (2) alone, $xy = 12$, and there are several possibilities for the choice of x and y . the possibilities are narrowed to (C) and (E), using both statements, we can rewrite $x^2y = 36$ as $x(xy) = 36$ and substituting $xy = 12$ to get $12x = 36$ and $x = 3$, if $x = 3$, $y = 4$.

17. **E** => The reciprocals of the three possible values of x are 3, 3.5 and 4. 666. Both statement (1) and statement (2) allow for two possibilities 3 and 3.5

18. **C** => Using statement (1) alone, we know that Chelsea won 40% of their matches in the first season and 73% in the second season but we do not know how many matches they played. So we cannot calculate their over all

wining percentage. The options are (B),

(C) and (E). statement (2) alone give us no information about her winning percentage in the second season clearly the answer is choice (C) or (E). even with both pieces of data, we do not know how many matches she played in each season. But does it really matter? Suppose in the first season she play N matches, she won 40% or $0.4N$ second season, she played $2N$ matches and won 73% of them or $1.46N$. hence she won $1.86N$ matches out of $3N$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ won} &= \frac{1.86N}{3N} \times 100\% \\ &= 62\% \end{aligned}$$

19. **D** => In order for rectangle ABCD to

Have a perimeter of 18 as given in statement (1) with one side as 3, the other must 6, thus $BC = AD = 6$ and triangle AED is a 8-5-10 right triangle. Now $BE = 11$, $ED = DC = 3$ and $BC = 6$. The perimeter is $11 + 10 + 3 + 6 = 30$ so choice A and D are possible. Using statement (2) alone, the area of ABCD is 18 and one side is 3, thus the other side must be 6 and the perimeter is found by $11 + 10 + 3 + 6 = 30$.

20. **A** => from statement(1) at 4 for $N18$, you can sell one dozen washer for $(3 \times 18) = N54$ making a profit $N54 - N45 = N9$ per dozen. The total profit is $N(7 \times 9) = N63$. Choice (A) or (D) are possible. From statement (2) alone, we know only that the profit will be 20% but we do not know the base or selling price.



In each of the following sentences, replace the **Italicized word or phrase** with a more descriptive **Word or phrase that means the same thing.**

1. He **got** three A's on his report card.
 - a. observed
 - b. earned
 - c. listed
 - d. Determined
2. The best-selling author wrote a **story that followed** her first book.
 - a. prelude to
 - b.overture to
 - c. sequel to
 - d.preface to
3. There were so many riders on the crosstown bus that I was **shoved from one side to the other** on my way to work.
 - a. jostled
 - b. neglected
 - c. maneuvered
 - d.abashed
4. Helicopters are specially designed to **float in the air** over an area.
 - a. hydroplane
 - b. revert
 - c. transition
 - d. Hover
5. Certain **passages** were taken from the book for the purpose of illustration.
 - a. excerpts
 - b. contents
 - c. diatribes
 - d. Indices
6. The rescue team searched among the **ruins** for signs of life.
 - a. terminal
 - b. foundation
 - c. rubble
 - d. Establishment
7. New experiments enabled manufacturers to make a long-lasting material that would save

consumers a great deal of money.

- a. fleeting
- b. fragile
- c. perishable
- d. Durable

8. The teacher **distributed** four sheets of paper for each student so each one could complete the necessary assignments for class.

- a. grappled
- b. allotted
- c. mustered
- d. asserted

9. The front page article reported that the senator **Suffered** a serious injury in the car crash.

- a.sustained
- b.retained
- c. maintained
- d.preserved

10. Her attorney claimed that she suffered great mental **distress** as a result of the accident.

- a.euphoria
- b.rapture
- c. disdain
- d.anguish

11. The new business owner remained bold and **determined** in spite of the many setbacks.

- a.fatigued
- b.resolute
- c. prominent
- d.acute

12. The masterpiece bought by an antique dealer at the auction was **credited** to Picasso.

- a.attributed
- b.denied
- c. excised
- d.attested

13. Americans have become **used** to consuming large quantities of oil to run their homes and automobiles.



- a. deprogrammed
- c. unaccustomed

- b. habituated
- d. reconciled

14. His hope was to **pass on** a love of woodworking to his son.

- a. impart
- c. withhold

- b. conceal
- d. infringe

15. The most infamous **misleading trick** in history was a wooden horse sent to Troy by the Greeks.

- a. omen
- c. authenticity

- b. veracity
- d. ruse

16. The **smooth, thin outer layer** on the dining room table was designed to make the table look as if it were constructed entirely of oak.

- a. veneer
- c. epidermis

- b. shell
- d. interior

17. Since all of the employees **worked together** on the project, they met their deadline.

- a. evolved
- c. deconstructed

- b. advanced
- d. collaborated

18. Carolyn prevented a **petty disagreement** between Ethan and Andrew.

- a. bramble
- c. geyser

- b. squabble
- d. perseverance

19. To make her stories more appealing, Cynthia was known to **add** to her writing with fictitious details.

- a. isolate
- c. embellish

- b. detract
- d. disavow

20. He **ate and drank** all the food on the table.

- a. divulged
- c. consumed

- b. conversed
- d. retracted

21. She was **very happy** to greet her cousin, whom she hadn't seen in ten years.

- a. ecstatic
- c. efficacious

- b. appalled
- d. egregious

22. Everyone in the military zone looked forward to an **agreement to halt the fighting**.

- a. inauguration
- c. armistice

- b. initiation
- d. instigation

23. The most accomplished chefs **use** exotic ingredients to make appetizing meals.

- a. prescribe
- c. proposition

- b. advise
- d. incorporate

24. We drove on some **pretty roads** as we made our way through the countryside.

- a. scenic byways
- c. principal highways

- b. interstate highways
- d. county roads

25. It is not a good idea to **show off** your riches in such a showy way.

- a. jostle
- c. flaunt

- b. plunder
- d. direct

26. Those who fail to meet their obligations will be **excluded** from the group.

- a. articulated
- c. fraternized

- b. resigned
- d. ostracized

27. She proclaimed her love in a very **direct** manner.

- a. forthright
- c. evasive

- b. oblique
- d. deceitful

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28. Grandma **created** a love for reading in her grandchildren.

- a. downplayed
- b. instilled
- c. prevented
- d. eradicated

29. She gave an excuse that did not seem **real**.

- a. plausible
- b. improbable
- c. far-fetched
- d. particular

30. The **closeness** of the two homes allowed the girls to visit each other often.

- a. proximity
- b. remoteness
- c. inconvenience
- d. architecture

31. The new Broadway show was a very profitable, box-office **smash**.

- a. recluse
- b. bonanza
- c. debacle
- d. conundrum

32. Many **old sayings** have a ring of truth to them.

- a. translations
- b. pedigrees
- c. adages
- d. decrees

33. With great pleasure, the actor accepted the **praise** given to him by his fans.

- a. dissonance
- b. plaudits
- c. disapproval
- d. armistice

34. His actions would **prevent** anyone from offering him any help.

- a. preclude
- b. promote
- c. facilitate
- d. allege

35. The young children kept a watch **through the night** for signs of Santa Claus.

- a. clarification
- b. vigil
- c. resolution
- d. decision

36. Zeus was a **well-known** character from Greek mythology.

- a. infamous
- b. legendary
- c. obscure
- d. recondite

37. As a generation, we were taught to **look up to** our leaders with great respect.

- a. venerate
- b. deride
- c. derail
- d. admonish

38. A seal can be **clumsy and awkward** on land but graceful and elegant in the water.

- a. supple
- b. ungainly
- c. agile
- d. sinuous

39. The tall, old-fashioned armoire was **sent up to** the attic storeroom because the young couple wanted to decorate their house with more contemporary furniture.

- a. banished to
- b. franchised by
- c. venerated by
- d. vilified by

40. As a speaker, I found him to be **extremely clear and expressive**.

- a. garrulous
- b. incoherent
- c. articulate
- d. verbose

41. The latest job promotion found him at the **high point** of his professional career.

- a. nadir
- b. median
- c. acme
- d. epitome

42. The military troop's maneuvers allowed them to **secretly gain entrance behind** enemy lines.

- a. diverge
- b. plummet
- c. infiltrate
- d. submerge

43. His **self-controlled** behaviour portrayed him as



a man with little emotion.

- a. stoic
- b. incessant
- c. irascible
- d. august

44. When the concert was cancelled, there were many **annoyed** fans.

- a. perplexed
- b. anonymous
- c. disgruntled
- d. solemn

45. The shy five year old approached his kindergarten class with great **fear**.

- a. trepidation
- b. contempt
- c. verve
- d. poise

46. The old gentleman **entertained** all of his friends with thrilling stories of his seafaring days.

- a. divulged
- b. regaled
- c. dovetailed
- d. bilked

47. The most **vital and important** part of the election came when the candidates decided to hold a public debate.

- a. trivial
- b. pivotal
- c. indignant
- d. enticing

48. The conclusion reached by the jury was based on a **false notion**.

- a. fallacy
- b. synopsis
- c. banter
- d. misdemeanor

49. The science teacher was impressed by the **short and to the point** explanation her student gave for photosynthesis.

- a. pallid
- b. banal
- c. inane
- d. pithy

50. It seems unfair that the candidate should base his campaign on the **unjust abuse** of the

other candidate.

- a. ratification
- b. vilification
- c. lionization
- d. restitution

51. When she met Sebastian, she knew they **were similar people even though they were not related**.

- a. kin
- b. antipodes
- c. kindred spirits
- d. citizens

ANSWERS AND EXPLANATIONS

1. **B.** Top grades would be earned.
2. **C.** A sequel is a literary work that continues the story of one written earlier.
3. **A.** Jostled means to be bumped, pushed, or brushed against.
4. **D.** Hover means to float or hang suspended over or around one area.
5. **A.** An excerpt is a passage or quote from a book, article, or other publication.
6. **C.** Rubble is synonymous with ruin.
7. **D.** Durable means sturdy, not easily worn out, or lasting a long time.
8. **B.** Allot means to assign or distribute by shares or portions.
9. **A.** To sustain is to undergo or experience an ordeal or to suffer.
10. **D.** Anguish is great suffering, distress, or pain.
11. **B.** Resolute means to be bold, determined, or



firm.

- 12. **A.** Attributed is synonymous with credited to.
- 13. **B.** Habituated means to become used to.
- 14. **A.** Impart means to give or pass something on to others.
- 15. **D.** A ruse is an action designed to confuse or mislead, a trick.
- 16. **A.** A veneer is a thin outer layer used for a decorative appearance.
- 17. **D.** Collaborate means to work together or with others.
- 18. **B.** A squabble is a quarrel and a more precise word than disagreement.
- 19. **C.** To embellish is to add details to a story to make it more appealing.
- 20. **C.** Consume means to eat completely.
- 21. **A.** Ecstatic means to be in a state of intense joy or delight.
- 22. **C.** An armistice is a temporary peace or halt in fighting.
- 23. **D.** Ingredients would be incorporated to make appetizing meals.
- 24. **A.** Scenic byways describes the kind of roadways that would be part of a country setting.
- 25. **B.** Flaunt means to display in a conceited or offensive way.

- 26. **D.** Ostracized means to be excluded from a group, banished, or sent away.
- 27. **A.** Fortright means frank, direct, and straightforward.
- 28. **B.** Instill means to introduce or cause to be taken in.
- 29. **A.** Plausible means to appear true, reasonable, or fair.
- 30. **A.** Proximity means nearness or closeness.
- 31. **B.** A bonanza is a very valuable, profitable, or rewarding venture.
- 32. **C.** An adage is a proverb or wise saying.
- 33. **B.** Plaudits can be applause or enthusiastic praise or approval.
- 34. **A.** Preclude means to make impossible, prevent, or shut out.
- 35. **B.** A vigil is a period of watchful attention, especially at night.
- 36. **B.** A legendary character exists in legends rather than in real life.
- 37. **A.** Venerate means to revere or look up to with great respect.
- 38. **B.** Ungainly means to be clumsy, awkward, or unwieldy.
- 39. **A.** Banish means to drive away or expel.
- 40. **C.** An articulate speaker would be one who uses language effectively, clearly, and



forcefully.

41. **C.** Acme means high point.

42. **C.** Infiltrate means to pass through or gain entrance gradually or stealthily.

43. **A.** A stoic person shows little feeling or emotion.

44. **C.** Fans would be disgruntled or discontented about a cancellation.

45. **A.** A shy five year old would experience trepidation—a state of alarm, dread, or apprehension—in this situation.

46. **B.** Regale means to entertain agreeably.

47. **B.** Pivotal is the most essential or most vitally important part, a turning point.

48. **A.** A fallacy is a false notion or belief, an error in thinking or reasoning.

49. **D.** A pithy explanation is one that is short but full of meaning.

50. **B.** Vilification is slander, verbal abuse with malicious intent.

51. **C.** Kindred spirits are people who are similar in nature.



1. The hail _____ the cornfield until the entire crop was lost.

- a. belittled
- b. pummelled
- c. rebuked
- d. Commended

2. The Earth Day committee leader placed large garbage bins in the park to _____ Saturday's cleanup.

- a.confound
- b.pacify
- c. integrate
- d.facilitate

3. Her rapport with everyone in the office _____ the kind of interpersonal skills that all of the employees appreciated.

- a.prevailed
- b.diverged
- c. exemplified
- d. Delegated

4. When you discuss the characters from The Catcher in the Rye, please be sure to give a _____ description of the narrator.

- a.principled
- b.determined
- c. comprehensive
- d.massive

5. _____ elephants from the wild not only endangers the species but also upsets the balance of nature.

- a.Contriving
- b.Poaching
- c. Provoking
- d.Hindering

6. The two cats could be _____ only by the number of rings on their tails; otherwise, they were exactly alike.

- a.separated
- b.diversified
- c. disconnected
- d.differentiated

7. Despite her _____ dress,she was a simple girl at heart.

- a.sophisticated
- b.casual
- c. shoddy
- d.personable

8. The non-profit agency bought office supplies using a tax _____ number.

- a.liability
- b.exempt
- c. information
- d.accountability

9. With _____ and admirable _____,the renowned orator spoke to the crowd gathered in the lecture hall.

- a.tenacity
- b.ado
- c. finesse
- d.tedium

10. _____,the skilled pediatric nurse fed the premature baby.

- a.Carelessly
- b.Precariously
- c. Gingerly
- d.Wantonly

11. For the first assignment of the fall term,the students in Professor Norman's English 101 class had to write a/an _____ to summarize the short story they had read.

- a.reconciliation
- b.acronym
- c. précis
- d.proclamation

12. She pretended to be _____ about her upcoming performance,but secretly she was very excited.

- a.agitated
- b.receptive
- c. candid
- d.blasé



13. We were tired when we reached the _____, but the spectacular view of the valley below was worth the hike.

- a. circumference
- b. summit
- c. fulcrum
- d. nadir

14. The suit had a/an _____ odor, as if it had been stored in a trunk for a long time.

- a. olfactory
- b. illicit
- c. musty
- d. decrepit

15. Since his workplace was so busy and noisy, he longed most of all for _____.

- a. solitude
- b. ascension
- c. loneliness
- d. irreverence

16. The teacher put the crayons on the bottom shelf to make them _____ to the young children.

- a. accessible
- b. receptive
- c. eloquent
- d. Ambiguous

17. My computer was state-of-the-art when I bought it three years ago, but now it is _____.

- a. flammable
- b. desolate
- c. retroactive
- d. outmoded

18. Visiting all the coffee shops in the city, they were on a/an _____ to find the perfect cup of coffee.

- a. surge
- b. quest
- c. ultimatum
- d. cacophony

19. George developed an _____ plan to earn the extra money he needed to start his own business.

- a. elitist
- b. irrational
- c. aloof
- d. ingenious

20. We knew everything about the newest member of our group; she was very _____. I have always liked your positive attitude; it has _____ our working relationship.

- a. adversely
- b. woefully
- c. candidly
- d. favorably

21. Dog sitting for Buddy is easy; he is a _____ and obedient pet.

- a. ineptable
- b. trite
- c. meddlesome
- d. docile

22. The directions to the new school were _____, and I had no trouble finding it in time for class.

- a. provident
- b. arduous
- c. explicit
- d. embodied

23. If your drinking water is not _____, it could cause serious health problems.

- a. vapid
- b. quenched
- c. indignant
- d. potable



24. The new board member said she would vote in favour of the proposed city ordinance because it _____ many of the points discussed earlier this year.

- a. encompassed
- b. released
- c. reminisced
- d. dispersed

25. Rachel _____ a plan to become a millionaire by age thirty.

- a. conformed
- b. devised
- c. curtailed
- d. condoned

26. Wanting to make a good impression, he found himself in a _____ about the right tie to wear to the business meeting.

- a. prestige
- b. redundancy
- c. quandary
- d. deficit

27. Since Jennifer needed an "A" in her economics class, she gave studying _____ over watching her favorite television show.

- a. precedence
- b. conformity
- c. perplexity
- d. contention

28. The narrator's description was an accurate _____ of a true southern family.

- a. portrayal
- b. council
- c. desolation
- d. Degeneration

29. Due to slippery road conditions and the slope of the narrow, winding highway, the car _____ down the steep, mountainous road.

- a. dissented
- b. ventilated
- c. careened
- d. agitated

30. The fire alarm _____ beckoned the volunteer fire man of the small community to come to action.

- a. indifferently
- b. frightfully
- c. symbolically
- d. audibly

31. After running an early 5K race, Simone _____ devoured a hearty breakfast.

- a. dynamically
- b. voraciously
- c. generally
- d. contemptuously

32. The participants in the road rally agreed to _____ near the village commons by five o'clock.

- a. rendezvous
- b. scatter
- c. filibuster
- d. disperse

33. The _____ data supports the belief that there has been a population increase.

- a. numeric
- b. demographic
- c. pragmatic
- d. nocturnal

34. The new congressman was considered a _____ because he refused to follow his party's platform on nearly every issue.

- a. mentor
- b. maverick
- c. protagonist
- d. visionary

35. The audience puzzled over the _____ remark made by the mayoral candidate.

- a. obvious
- b. cryptic
- c. shrewd
- d. conniving



36. Although the freeway system continues to grow, it often cannot keep pace with a _____ population.

- a. burgeoning
- b. beckoning
- c. capitulating
- d. exasperating

37. She had a reputation as a _____ hostess and could always be found in the midst of a group telling a humorous story or joke.

- a. jovial
- b. maudlin
- c. predominant
- d. tractable

38. Understanding the troubling world economic conditions, the recent graduates spoke _____ about job prospects for the future.

- a. warily
- b. luxuriously
- c. coyly
- d. narrowly

39. The _____ of sunshine and warm weather were the perfect combination for a vacation by the seashore.

- a. assumption
- b. confluence
- c. seclusion
- d. treatise

40. After the _____ of his license, he was forbidden to drive.

- a. institution
- b. foundation
- c. revocation
- d. preservation

41. Allan _____ placed the bill in the wrong folder, and it was not paid in a timely manner, which adversely affected his credit rating, causing distress.

- a. purposely
- b. inadvertently

- c. voluntarily
- d. deliberately

42. Do you have the _____ paperwork to register for your class.

- a. punitive
- b. grandiose
- c. restorative
- d. requisite

43. Do not _____ yourself; you must pass the last exam of the semester to graduate.

- a. delude
- b. depreciate
- c. relinquish
- d. prohibit

44. Although Hunter was too _____ to reveal information to us when we first met him, he soon began to talk more than anyone.

- a. customary
- b. reticent
- c. animated
- d. conceited

45. Although Hunter was too _____ to reveal information to us when we first met him, he soon began to talk more than anyone.

- a. customary
- b. reticent
- c. animated
- d. conceited

46. The darkening skies in the west were a _____ to the dangerous thunderstorm that summer afternoon.

- a. tedium
- b. precursor
- c. bane
- d. momentum



47. The classified information discussed in the board room was _____ to a reporter shortly after the meeting.

- a. testified
- b. divulged
- c. developed
- d. rectified

48. After an hour of heavy rain, the heavy storm _____, and we were able to continue our golf game.

- a. abated
- b. germinated
- c. constricted
- d. evoked

49. After years of experience, Florin became a _____ veterinarian who could treat and operate on many different kinds of animals.

- a. acute
- b. superficial
- c. consummate
- d. ample

50. . Hoping to win a prize for the best costume, Mark dressed _____ with bright red suspenders and a purple tie.

- a. eminently
- b. virtuously
- c. conspicuously
- d. obscurely

ANSWERS AND EXPLANATIONS

1. **B.** Pummel means to pound or beat.
2. **D.** Facilitate means to make easier or help to bring about.
3. **C.** Exemplify means to be an instance of or serve as an example.
4. **C.** Comprehensive means covering completely or broadly.
5. **B.** To poach is to trespass on another's property in order to steal fish or game.
6. **D.** To differentiate between two things is to establish the distinction between them.
7. **A.** In the context of the sentence, sophisticated means having an up-to-date style or look.
8. **B.** Exempt means to be excused from a rule or obligation.
9. **C.** Finesse is skill, tact, and cleverness.
10. **C.** To handle a baby gingerly would be to handle it delicately and with great caution.
11. **C.** A précis is a summary or abstract of a text.
12. **D.** Blasé means to be bored or unimpressed by things after having seen or experienced them too often.
13. **B.** The summit means the highest point.
14. **C.** A musty odor is one that is stale or moldy.
15. **A.** Solitude, a state of being alone, is something a person who worked in a busy office would crave.
15. **A.** Accessible means capable of being reached or being within easy reach.
16. **D.** Outmoded means no longer in style or no longer usable.
17. **B.** A quest is a search or pursuit of something.



- 18.**D.** Ingenious means marked by originality, resourcefulness, and cleverness in conception.
- 19.**A.** An expressive person would be one who is open or emphatic when revealing opinions or feelings.
- 20.**D.** Favorably means graciously, kindly, or obligingly.
- 21.**D.** Docile means easily led or managed.
- 22.**C.** Explicit means clearly defined or delineated.
- 23.**D.** Potable means fit for drinking.
- 24.**A.** Encompassed in this context means constituted or included.
- 25.**B.** Devised means to form new combinations or applications of ideas or principles; to plan or bring about.
- 26.**C.** Quandary means a state of perplexity or doubt.
- 27.**A.** Precedence means designating something as more important than other things, a priority.
- 28.**A.** Portrayal means a representation or portrait.
- 29.**C.** Careen means to rush headlong or carelessly; to lurch or swerve while in motion.
- 30.**D.** Audibly means heard or the manner of being heard.
- 31.**B.** Voracious means having a huge appetite; ravenous.
- 32.**A.** A rendezvous is a meeting or assembly that is by appointment or arrangement.
- 33.**B.** Demographic data is information about demography, the branch of knowledge that deals with human populations.
- 34.**B.** A maverick is a political independent, nonconformist, or free spirit.
- 35.**B.** Cryptic means mysterious, hidden, or

- enigmatic.
- 36.**A.** Burgeoning means emerging or new growth.
- 37.**A.** A jovial hostess is one who is mirthful or humorous.
- 38.**A.** Warily is a manner marked by keen caution, cunning, and watchful prudence.
- 39.**B.** Confluence means a coming or flowing together, a meeting, or a gathering at one point.
- 40.**C.** A revocation is the act of recalling or annulling something, in this case a license.
- 41.**B.** When something is inadvertently done, it is marked by an unintentional lack of care.
- 42.**D.** Requisite means essential or necessary.
- 43.**A.** Delude means to mislead the mind; to deceive.
- 44.**b.** Reticent means inclined to be silent or uncommunicative, reserved.
- 45.**B.** Precursor means something that comes before.
- 46.**B.** Divulged means to take private information and make it public.
- 47.**A.** Abate means to decrease in force or intensity.
- 48.**C.** Consummate means extremely skilled and experienced.
- 49.**B.** When a car goes out of control and skims along the surface of a wet road, it is hydroplaning.
- 50.**C.** Conspicuously means obvious to the eye or mind; attracting attention.



ANALOGY TEST II TIPS

Many kinds of academic and work-related tests include analogies. Analogies are comparisons. To answer an analogy question, look for a relationship between the first set of words. Then, look for a similar relationship in the second set of words.

For the following questions, choose the answer that best completes the comparison.

1. polite : gracious :: cordial : _____
a. courteous b.confident
c. comfortable d.bold
2. embarrassed : humiliated :: frightened : _____
a. courageous b.agitated
c. terrified d.reckless
3. scarcely : mostly :: quietly : _____
a. secretly b.rudely
c. loudly d.silently
4. candid : indirect :: honest : _____
a. frank b.wicked
c. truthful d.devious
5. control : dominate :: magnify : _____
a.enlarge b.preserve
c. decrease d.divide
6. exactly : precisely :: evidently : _____
a.positively b.apparently
c. narrowly d.unquestionably

7. meaningful : insignificant :: essential : _____
a.basic b.important
c. unremarkable d.unnecessary

8. simple : complex :: trivial : _____
a.inconspicuous b.significant
c. permanent d.irrelevant

9. neophyte : novice :: pursuit : _____
a.passion b.restraint
c. quest d.speed

10. regard : esteem :: ambivalence : _____
a.uncertainty b.withdrawal
c. resemblance d.injustice

11. elated : despondent :: enlightened : _____
a.aware b.tolerant
c. miserable d.ignorant

12. divulge : conceal :: conform : _____
a.construe b.differ
c. retain d.offer

13. restrain : curb :: recant : _____
a.foretell b.retract
c. entertain d.resent



14. admire : despise :: praise : _____
a. ravage b. surrender
c. admonish d. warn
15. advance : retreat :: curtail : _____
a. damage b. discard
c. consume d. prolong
16. implant : embed :: expel : _____
a. beseech b. oust
c. accept d. examine
17. assemble : convene :: categorize : _____
a. systematize b. dismiss
c. congregate d. alternate
18. grind : crush :: demolish : _____
a. divulge b. check
c. pulverize d. steam
19. continuation : sequel :: scheme : _____
a. supplication b. management
c. aftermath d. plot
20. phase : segment :: epoch : _____
a. document b. institution
c. era d. emotion
21. declare : affirm :: cringe : _____
a. scorn b. cower
c. reason d. arrange
22. ally : enemy :: anonymity : _____
a. restraint b. wealth
c. fame d. anxiety

23. personable : agreeable :: friendly : _____
a. genial b. skillful
c. wilful d. relevant
24. heterogeneous : mixed :: profuse : _____
a. lush b. timid
c. scarce d. painful
25. trust : suspicion :: doubt : _____
a. aperture b. reliance
c. method d. saga
26. hide : flaunt :: forget : _____
a. sympathetic b. unappreciative
c. retain d. unsociable
27. disclose : reveal :: intimate : _____
a. forbid b. denounce
c. announce d. suggest
28. conceal : obscure :: procrastinate : _____
a. anticipate b. relinquish
c. delay d. pretend
29. ornate : plain :: blithe : _____
a. generous b. morose
c. pretentious d. fervent



30. futile : vain :: covert : _____

- a. secret
- b. grand
- c. seductive
- d. habitual

31. opposing : differing :: candid : _____

- a. conclusive
- b. strict
- c. credible
- d. frank

32. expeditiously : swiftly :: diligently : _____

- a. openly
- b. persistently
- c. increasingly
- d. vividly

33. antics : actions :: banter : _____

- a. deference
- b. repartee
- c. pranks
- d. candor

34. obstinate : stubborn :: staunch : _____

- a. oppressive
- b. ominous
- c. faithful
- d. arrogant

35. persistent : persevering :: spurious :

- _____
- a. false
- b. dejected
- c. delightful
- d. abundant

35. broadcast : obscure :: welcome :

- _____
- a. prostrate
- b. promontory
- c. strengthen
- d. eject

36. enthusiastic : blasé :: upright :

- _____
- a. deplore
- b. prone
- c. unlikely
- d. passionate

37. sedate : sober :: prim :

- _____
- a. staid
- b. convalescent

c. elaborate

d. clairvoyant

38. courtier : aristocrat :: unknown : _____

- a. noble
- b. celebrity
- c. nonentity
- d. icon

39. nourish : foster :: abolish :

- _____
- a. continue
- b. undergo
- c. maintain
- d. annul

40. undermine : bolster :: reinforce :

- _____
- a. infringe
- b. boost
- c. weaken
- d. forego

41. skim : peruse :: delve :

- _____
- a. scrutinize
- b. scan
- c. validate
- d. memorize

42. comical : witty :: humorous :

- _____
- a. ghostly
- b. plunging
- c. facetious
- d. engraved

43. intersect : diverge :: ratify :

- _____
- a. conceal
- b. promote
- c. determine
- d. nullify

44. proclaim : announce :: restrict :

- _____
- a. invalidate
- b. stint
- c. convince
- d. mystify



45. barter : swap :: irritate : _____
a. annoy b. engage
c. appoint d. employ
46. design : devise :: upbraid : _____
a. praise b. acclimate
c. reprimand d. contrive
47. accord : understanding : conversion : _____
a. modification b. transition
c. concurrence d. confirmation
48. taint : decontaminate :: enrage : _____
a. provoke b. delve
c. rely d. appease
49. judicious : prudent :: wise : _____
a. ill-mannered b. astute
c. sophisticated d. satisfied
50. arbitrator : mediator :: referee : _____
a. manager b. boor
c. umpire d. director

ANSWERS AND EXPLANATIONS

1. **A.** Polite and gracious are synonyms; cordial and courteous are synonyms.
2. **C.** If someone has been humiliated, he or she has been greatly embarrassed; if someone is terrified, he or she is extremely frightened.
3. **C.** Scarcely and mostly are antonyms; quietly and loudly are antonyms.
3. **D.** Candid and indirect are opposing traits, as are honest and devious.
4. **A.** Control and dominate are synonyms; magnify and enlarge are synonyms.
5. **B.** Exactly and precisely are synonyms; evidently and apparently are synonyms.
6. **D.** Meaningful and insignificant are antonyms; essential and unnecessary are antonyms.
7. **B.** Simple and complex are antonyms; trivial and significant are antonyms.
8. **C.** Neophyte and novice are synonyms; pursuit and quest are synonyms.
9. **A.** Regard and esteem are synonyms; ambivalence and uncertainty are



synonyms.

10.**D.** Elated and despondent are antonyms;
enlightened and ignorant are antonyms.

11.**B.** Divulge and conceal are antonyms;
conform and differ are antonyms.

12.**B.** Restrain and curb are synonyms; recant
and retract are synonyms.

13.**C.** Admire and despise are antonyms; praise
and admonish are antonyms.

14.**D.** Advance and retreat are antonyms; curtail
and prolong are antonyms.

15.**B.** Implant and embed are synonyms; expel
and oust are synonyms.

16.**A.** Assemble and convene are synonyms;
categorize and systematize are synonyms.

17.**C.** Grind and crush are synonyms; demolish
and pulverize are synonyms.

18.**D.** Continuation and sequel are synonyms;
scheme and plot are synonyms.

19.**C.** Phase and segment are synonyms; epoch
and era are synonyms.

20.**B.** Declare and affirm are synonyms; cringe
and cower are synonyms.

21.**C.** Ally and enemy are antonyms; anonymity

and fame are antonyms.

22.**A.** Personable and agreeable are synonyms;
friendly and genial are synonyms.

23.**A.** Heterogeneous and mixed are synonyms;
profuse and lush are synonyms.

24.**B.** Trust and suspicion are antonyms; doubt
and reliance are antonyms.

25.**C.** Hide and flaunt are antonyms; forget and
retain are antonyms.

26.**D.** Disclose and reveal are synonyms; intimate
and suggest are synonyms.

27.**C.** Conceal and obscure are synonyms;
procrastinate and delay are synonyms.

28.**B.** Ornate and plain are antonyms; blithe and
morose are antonyms.

29.**A.** Futile and vain are synonyms; covert and
secret are synonyms.

30.**D.** Opposing and differing are synonyms;
Candid and frank are synonyms.

31.**B.** Expeditiously and swiftly are synonyms;



diligently and persistently are synonyms.

32. **B.** If there are antics, there are actions; if there is banter, there is repartee.

33. **C.** Obstinate and stubborn are synonyms; staunch and faithful are synonyms.

34. **A.** Persistent and persevering are synonyms; spurious and false are synonyms.

35. **D.** Broadcast and obscure are antonyms; welcome and eject are antonyms.

36. **B.** Enthusiastic and blasé are antonyms; upright and prone are antonyms.

37. **A.** Sedate and sober are synonyms; prim and staid are synonyms.

38. **C.** Courtier and aristocrat are synonyms; unknown and nonentity are synonyms.

39. **D.** Nourish and foster are synonyms; abolish and annul are synonyms.

40. **C.** Undermine and bolster are antonyms; reinforce and weaken are antonyms.

41. **B.** Skim and peruse are antonyms; delve and scan are antonyms.

42. **C.** Comical and witty are synonyms; humorous and facetious are synonyms.

43. **D.** Intersect and diverge are antonyms; ratify

and nullify are antonyms.

44. **B.** To proclaim is to announce; to restrict is to stint.

45. **A.** Barter and swap are synonyms; irritate and annoy are synonyms.

46. **C.** Design and devise are synonyms; upbraid and reprimand are synonyms.

47. **B.** An accord is an understanding; a conversion is a transition.

48. **D.** Taint and decontaminate are antonyms; enrage and appease are antonyms.

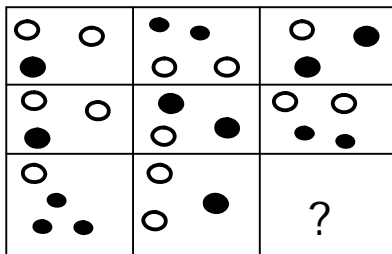
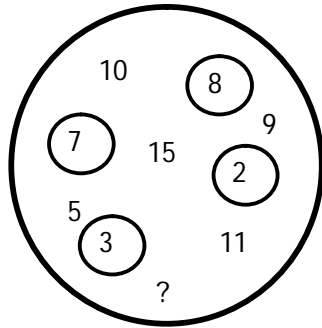
49. **B.** If you are judicious, you are prudent; if you are wise, you are astute.

50. **C.** To be an arbitrator is to be a mediator; to referee is to umpire.

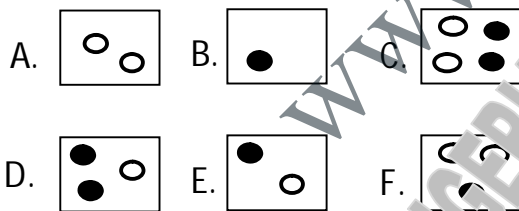


IQ TEST

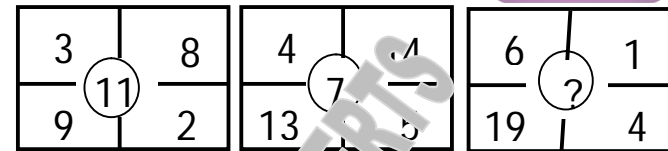
1. What number should replace the question mark?



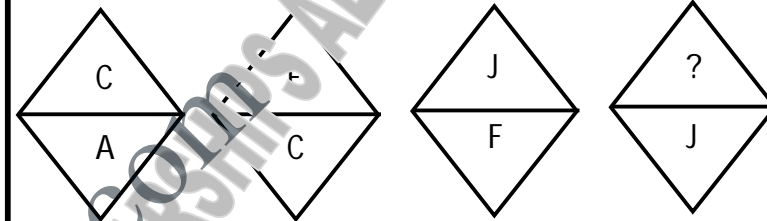
2. Which square is missing from the bottom right-hand corner?



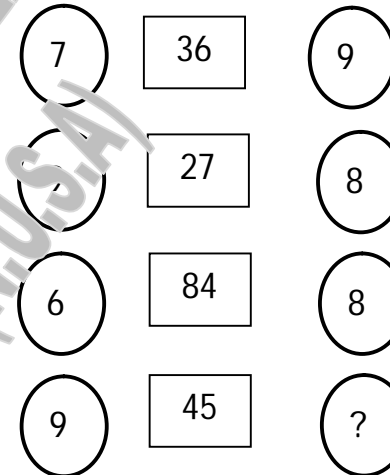
3. Which number should replace the question marks?



4. Which letter should replace the question mark?

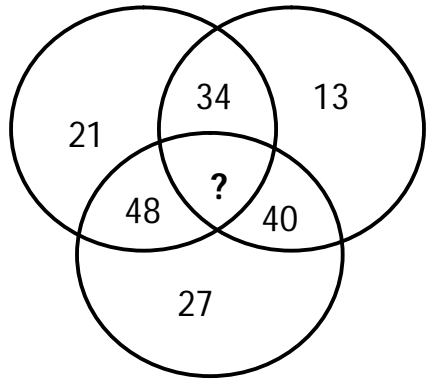


5. What number should replace the question mark?

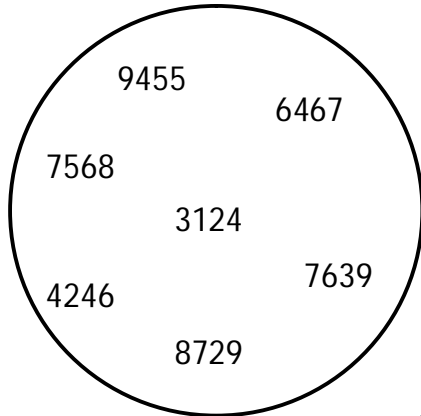




6. What number should replace the question mark?



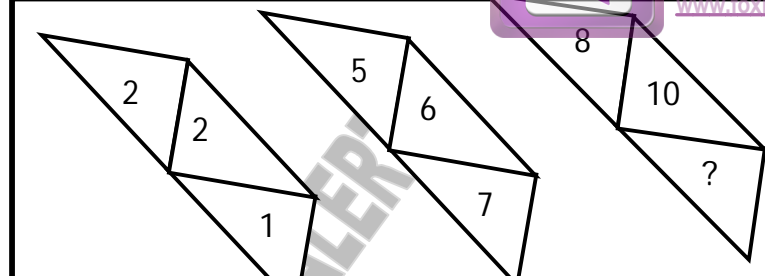
7. Which number is the odd one out?



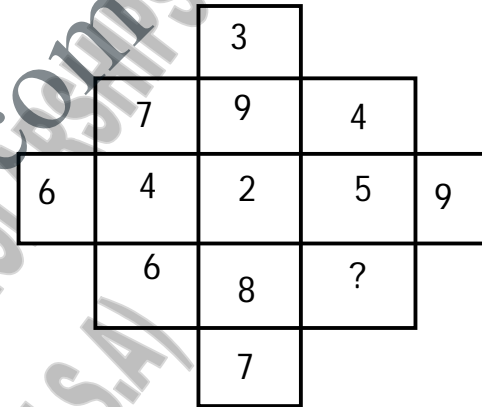
8. What number should replace the question mark?

5	8	8	7
3	5	4	9
9	2	7	3
4	6	9	?

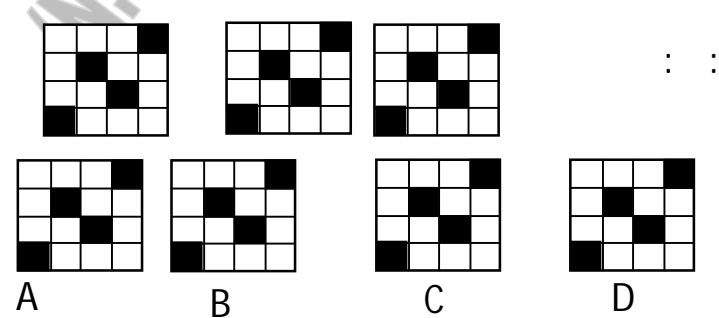
9. What number should replace the question mark?



10. What number should replace the question mark?

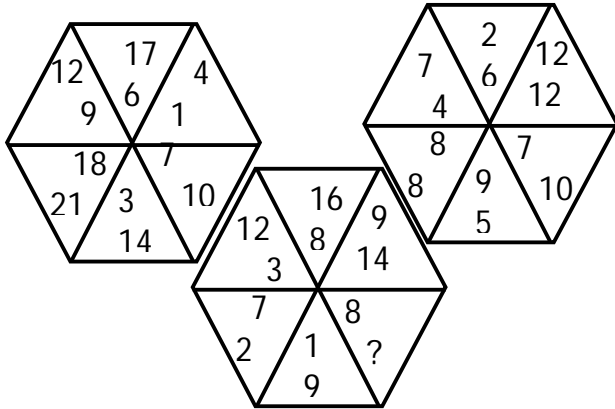


11. Which of the patterns complete the series?

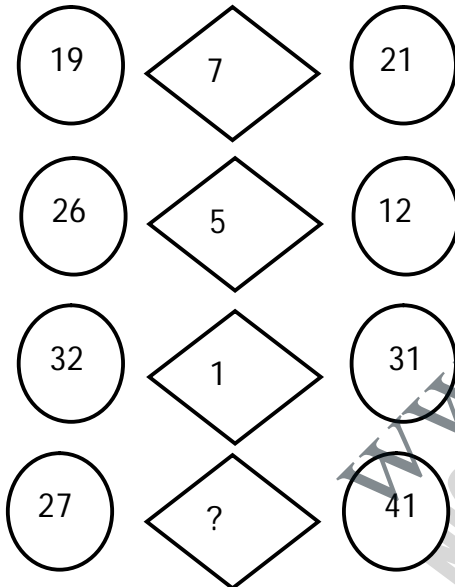




12. Which number should replace the question mark?



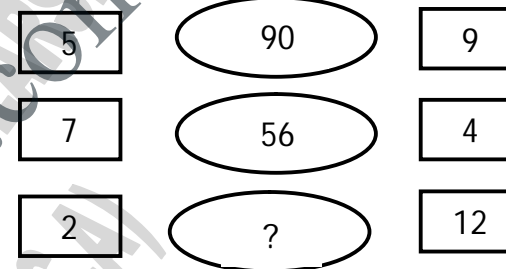
13. What number should replace the question mark?



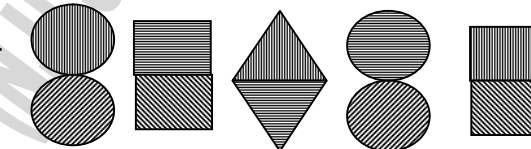
14. What number should replace the question mark?

14	2	93	85	76
37	58	61	24	9
91	32	86	?	57

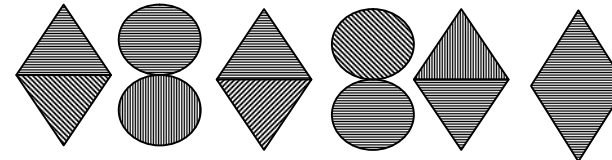
15. Which number should replace the question mark?



16.

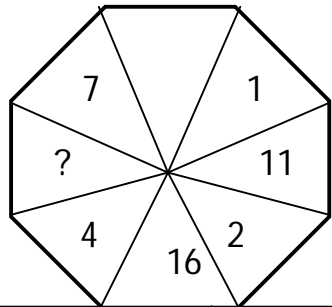


What comes next in the above sequence?

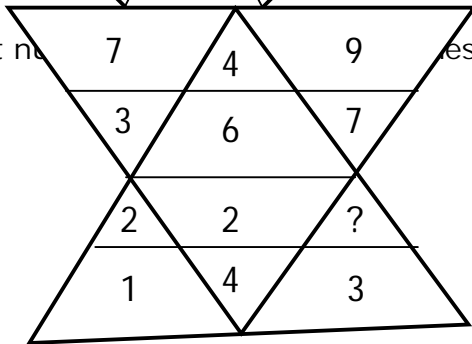




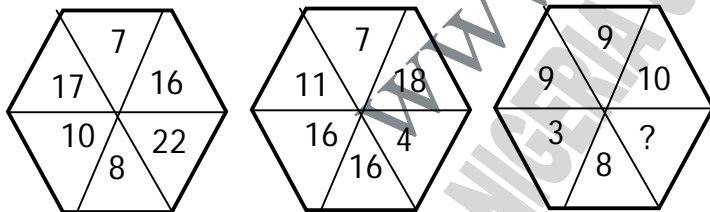
17. What number should replace the question mark?



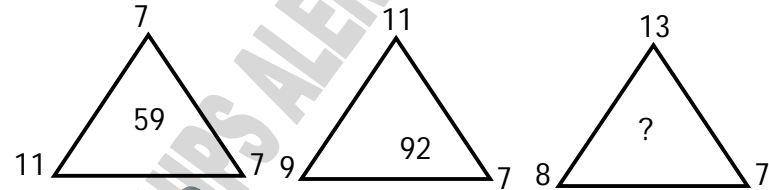
18. What number should replace the question mark?



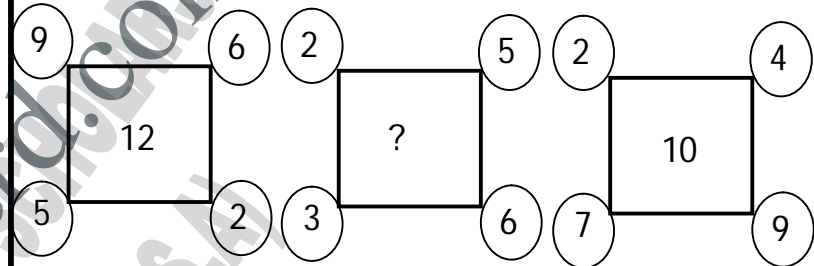
19. Which number should replace the question mark?



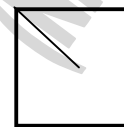
20. Which number should replace the question mark?



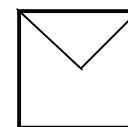
21. What number should replace the question mark?



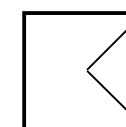
22. Which square is missing from the bottom Right-hand corner?



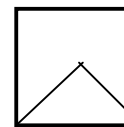
A



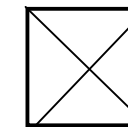
B



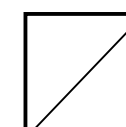
C



D



E



F



2	7	3
1	5	2
6	4	5

is to

7	2	3
5	6	8
6	3	4

as

2	7	3
2	7	3
2	7	3

is to

?	?	?
?	?	?
3	9	4

as

23. What number should replace the question mark?

7	3	6	2
6	2	3	9
3	6	8	5
2	9	5	?

24. What number should replace the question mark?

72	64	11
59	48	29
61	53	71
26	?	?

EXPLANATORY ANSWERS

10. Add all pairs of numbers in the small circles to obtain all the other numbers
- F. Each horizontal and vertical line contains 5 black and 5 white circles.
10. $15+19=34$, $6 \times 4 = 24$ $34-24=10$
- D 7.2C. 8.C (10) $6.7 \times 9=63$ reverse 36.
122. $13+27 = 40$
 $21 + 27 = 48$
 $21+ 13 = 34$
 $34 + + 40 = 122$
6467. In all the others, the first and last digits multiplied together from the number produced by the middle two digits.
2. Each horizontal and vertical line of four numbers total 21
13. Looking across identical sections: $2(+3) 5 (+3) 8; 2 (+4) 6 (+4) 10, 1 (+6) 7 (+6) 13.$
18. . 0: $673-49 = 624$; $624+ 85 = 709$ **23.B 24. D**
17. The difference between the two number in one triangle is equal to the different between the two numbers in the opposite.



- 11.4. Add digits in the first circle and deduct digits in the second circle to arrive at the number in the number in the diamond, for example: $(1+9)-(2+1)=7$
- 12.4. Each line contain the number 1 to 9 once each
- 13.48. The number in small ellipses are multiplied together and the product doubled to arrive at the number in the large ellipse, $2 \times 12 = 24 \times 2 = 48$.
14. F the figures appear in the sequence circles, squares, triangles. The top figure alternates vertical stripes, horizontal stripes. The bottom figure alternates right slanting left slanting, horizontal stripes.
15. 22. Start at 1 and move clockwise to alternate segments, adding 1 then 1 then 3 and so.
16. $6.7 \times 3 = 21$; $4 \times 6 = 24$; $9 \times 7 = 63$
17. The total of the top three number = the total of the bottom three
18. $97. (6 \times 11) - 7 = 59$
 $(11 \times 9) - 7 = 92$
 $(13 \times 8) - 7 = 97$
19. 3. $(3 \times 5) - (2 \times 6)$
20. (5,3,6) (8,7,2) the original figure rotates 90 clockwise, and 1 is added to each digit
21. 8. Looking across, the total of the numbers in each column, the total are also 18, 20, 22 and 24.



For each of the following sentences, choose the correct spelling for the missing word. The words in each set of choices are homophones—words that sound alike but are spelled differently and have different meanings.

1. My favorite _____ is peach pie with vanilla ice cream.
a. desert b. dessert
2. Do you think I should run for a seat on the city _____?
a. counsel b. council
3. The amount for the carpet was a _____ price.
a. fair b. fare
- 4 This is the _____ of the new art museum.
a. sight b. cite c. Site
5. Come _____ the park later this evening to see the sunset.
a. buy b. bye c. By
6. This is the _____ book George has read.
a. fourth b. forth
7. When the driver slammed on the _____, his car slid into the ditch.
a. breaks b. brakes
8. A very experienced guide _____ the group on a hike into the wilderness.
a. lead
b. led
9. Have dinner with us at the restaurant; we'll

- meet you _____.
a. they're b. their c. There
10. May I have a _____ of cheese?
a. piece b. peace
 11. All children have the _____ to an education.
a. write b. rite c. Right
 12. It is a good idea to exercise on a _____ bicycle during inclement weather.
a. stationery b. stationary
 13. At the beach, we went digging for clams and _____.
a. mussels b. muscles
 14. We _____ the exit and had to turn around.
a. past b. passed
 15. The French Revolution was known as the "_____ of Terror."
a. Rain b. Reign c. Rein
 16. I don't understand today's math _____.
a. lesson b. lessen
 17. While nuclear energy is efficient, storing nuclear _____ is always a problem.
a. waste b. waist



18. The acoustics in the auditorium made it easy for the audience to _____ the melodic sounds of the soloist.

- a. here b. hear

19. This problem is _____ complex.

- a. two b. to c. Too

20. My grandmother is an _____ historian.

- a. imminent b. immanent c. Eminent

21. She had to buy a _____ of shoes to match her dress.

- a. pair b. Pear c. Pare

22. The _____ of the school asked all faculty members to attend a meeting.

- a. principal b. Principle

23. The _____ of the perfume was intoxicating.

- a. sent b. Cent c. Scent

24. The room was completely _____ of furniture.

- a. bear b. Bare

25. _____ only four o'clock in the afternoon.

- a. It's b. Its

26. Creativity is _____ best asset.

- a. you're b. Your

27. The _____ in the mountains was peaceful and still.

- a. air b. heir

28. Take the _____ to the second floor.

- a. stares b. Stairs

29. She boarded a _____ to San Francisco last night.

- a. plane b. plain

For the following questions, choose the Sentence in which the italicized word is spelled incorrectly. All of the choices are homophones—words that sound alike but are spelled differently and have different meanings. If there are no mistakes, choose answer d.

30. a. I will take a course in economics next semester.

b. Follow the river's coarse.

c. Sandpaper is always coarse.

d. No mistakes.

31. a. Do you want to meet at nine or ten? The latter is better for me.

b. Let's go shopping later this week.

c. Later, he told us of his plans to build a new house. d. No mistakes.

32. a. We will bored the plane at 4:00.

b. The board members will all attend.

c. He used his drill and bored a hole in the wall.

d. No mistakes.

33. a. Terrence is old enough to pour his own



33. a. Terrence is old enough to pour his own glass of milk now.
b. There are some very poor people living in that part of the United States.
c. Josie pours over the catalogs she receives in the mail. d.No mistakes.
34. a. He had a reputation for being very vane and self-centered. b.We studied the veins in the leaves.
c. Mr.Hanson put a weather vane on his roof. d.No mistakes.
35. a.The sun shone brightly.
b.The house was shown by the real estate agent. c. Why wasn't I shown how to operate this machine? d.No mistakes.
36. a.They will raze this old building and build a skyscraper in its place. b.Raise your hand if you know the answer. c. Many farmers raise chickens.
d.No mistakes.
37. a.The first graders were learning how to write capital letters.
b.We don't have enough capitol to buy a new building.
c. What is the capital of North Dakota?
d.No mistakes.
38. a.The great majority of the class will attend the pep rally.
b.Be sure to clean the gratein the fireplace.
c. That music greats on my nerves.
d.No mistakes.
39. a.I prefer to eat plain, home-cooked meals.
b.Some people say it is a boring landscape,

- but I like the planes of the Midwest.
c. We need to use a plane to make the top of the door level.
d.No mistakes.
40. a.There are holes in your socks.
b.I found a wholeset of dishes at a garage sale.
c. He ate the hole pie.
d.No mistakes.
41. a.What is the morale of the story?
b.Have you no moral standards?
c. Employee morale was low.
d.No mistakes.



ANSWERS AND EXPLANATIONS

- 1.**B.** Dessert is an after-dinner treat; a desert is an arid land.
- 2.**B.** A council is a governing body; to counsel is to give advice.
- 3.**A.** Fair means equitable; a fare is a transportation fee.
- 4.**C.** Site refers to a place; cite means to refer to; sight is the ability to see.
- 5.**C.** By means near; bye is used to express farewell; buy means to purchase.
- 6.**A.** Fourth refers to the number four; forth Means forward.
- 7.**B.** Brakes are used for stopping vehicles; breaks means to destroy.
- 8.**B.** Led is the past tense of the verb lead; the noun lead means the foremost position or initiative.
- 9.**C.** There refers to a place; their is a possessive pronoun; they're is a contraction for they are.
- 10.**A.** A piece is a portion; peace means quiet.
- 11.**C.** A right is a privilege; to write is to put

words on paper; a rite is a ceremonial

ritual.

12.**B.** Stationary means standing still; stationery is writing paper.

13.**A.** Mussels are marine animals; muscles are body tissues.

14.**B.** Passed is the past tense of pass; past means a time gone by.

15.**B.** Reign means royal authority; rein means a strap as on a horse's bridle; rain means precipitation.

16.**A.** Lesson is something to be learned; lessen means to reduce.

17.**A.** Waste means material that is rejected during a process; the waist is the middle of the body.

18.**B.** Hear means to perceive sound with the ear; here is a location, place, or position.

19.**C.** Too means more than is needed or also; two is a number; to is a preposition that refers to direction.



20.C. Eminent refers to a prominent person; imminent means something is about to happen; immanent means existing in the mind.

21.A. A pair is a set of two things; a pear is a fruit; and to pare is to peel.

22.A. A principal is the head of a school; a principle is a belief or rule of conduct.

23.C. A scent is a smell; sent is the past tense of send; and cent is a coin.

24.B. Bare means devoid of; a bear is an animal.

25.A. It's is the contraction for it is; its is a possessive pronoun.

26.B. Your is a possessive pronoun; you're is a contraction for you are.

27.A. The air is the atmosphere enveloping the earth; an heir is a person who inherits the estate of another.

28.B. The stairs are a flight of steps; stares are very intent gazes.

29.A. A plane is a winged vehicle; plain means open or clear.

30.B. Course means path or class at school; coarse means rough.

31.D. There are no mistakes.

32.A. The verb board means to get on an airplane; the noun board is a plank of wood or a group of advisors; the adjective bored means uninterested; the verb to bore means to make a hole in or through.

33.C. The verb to pore means to read attentively; the noun pore means a small opening; the verb to pour means to dispense from a container.

34.A. If someone is vain, he or she is excessively prideful; a weather vane is a moveable device that rotates to show the direction of the wind; a vein is a narrow channel, like a blood vein or the vein in a leaf.

35.D. There are no mistakes.

36.D. There are no mistakes.

37.B. Capital means monetary assets; it also means the seat of government; or it can refer to the letters of the alphabet; capitol is a government building.

38.C. To grate means to cause irritation; great

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means notably large or numerous.

39.**B.** A plain is an expansive area of flat, treeless country; plain also means characterized by simplicity; a plane is a tool used to smooth wood.

40.**C.** Whole means complete or all of one thing; a hole is an opening.

41.**A.** Morale refers to a condition or state of confidence, cheerfulness, enthusiasm or willingness to perform tasks; moral means good in character or a lesson from a story.

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Verbal Classification TEST I

For the following questions, choose the word that does not belong with the others.

1. a.confirmed b.tentative c.definite d.conclusive
2. a. implied b. distinct c. explicit d. forthright
3. a. premeditated b. rehearsed c. spontaneous
 d. calculated
4. a. rampant b. restrained c. widespread
 d. pervasive
5. a. flexible b. rigid c. supple d. limber
6. a. subdue b. crush c. Suppress d. provoke
7. a. comprise b. compose c. Exclude d. constitute
8. a. infinitesimal b. infinite c. Immense d. vast
9. a. heroism b. incompetence c. Prowess
 d. mastery
10. a. rasping b. grating c. Abrasive d. polished
11. a. comely b. deformed c. Grotesque
 d. repulsive
12. a. receptive b. intolerant c. Compassionate
 d. amenable
13. a. sloppy b. disheveled c. orderly d. unkempt
13. a. word for word b. exact c. Verbatim
 d. paraphrased

14. a. recklessly b. carefully c. Warily d. prudently
15. a. destitute b. poverty-stricken c. affluent
 d. impoverished
16. a. dour b. inviting c. Welcoming
 d. cheery
17. a. clumsy b. nimble c. all thumbs d. maladroit
18. a. compliment b. ridicule c. Deride d. gibe
19. a. deprived b. bereft c. Replete d. bereaved
20. a. resolve b. fortitude c. Mettle d. timidity
21. a. submissive b. obedient c. Acquiescent
 d. officious
22. a. proficient b. inept c. Deft
 d. adroit



23. a.felicitous b.inopportune c. Inappropriate
d.ill-timed
24. a.vex b.aggravate c. Mollify d.agitate
25. a.stately b.abject c. Lowly
d.humble
26. a.mercenary b.venal c. Honest d.corruptible
27. a.pinnacle b.perigee c. Summit d.acme
28. a.demur b.concur c. Consent d.accede
- 29 . a.replica b.permutation c. Facsimile
d.reproduction
30. a.pernicious b.toxic c. Innocuous
d.virulent
31. a.stentorian b.booming c. Thundering
d.tranquil
32. a.permissive b.lenient c. Indulgent d.implacable
33. a.bedlam b.pandemonium c. Repose
d.tumult
34. a.stimulating b.somnolent c. soporific d.hypnotic
35. a.impassioned b.vehement c. Emphatic d.apathetic
36. a.savory b.distasteful c. Piquant d.aromatic
37. a.dissent b.sanction c.concur d.assent
38. a.devout b.fervent c.zealous d.dispirited

ANSWERS AND EXPLANATIONS

- 1 .**B.** Confirmed, definite, and conclusive are all synonyms; tentative is an antonym of these words.
- 2.**A.** Distinct, explicit, and forthright are all synonyms; implied is an antonym of these words.
- 3.**C.** Premeditated, rehearsed, and calculated are all synonyms; spontaneous is an antonym of these words.
- 4.**B.** Rampant, widespread, and pervasive are all synonyms; restrained is an antonym of these words.
- 5.**B.** Flexible, supple, and limber are all synonyms; rigid is an antonym of these words.
- 6.**D.** Subdue, crush, and suppress are all synonyms; provoke is an antonym of these words.



7.C. Comprise, compose, and constitute are all synonyms; exclude is an antonym of these words.

8.A. Infinite, immense, and vast are all synonyms; infinitesimal is an antonym of these words.

7.B. Heroism, prowess, and mastery are all synonyms; incompetence is an antonym of these words.

8.D. Rasping, grating, and abrasive are all synonyms; polished is an antonym of these words.

9.A. Deformed, grotesque, and repulsive are all synonyms; comely is an antonym of these words.

10.B. Receptive, compassionate, and amenable are all synonyms; intolerant is an antonym of these words.

11.C. Sloppy, dishevelled, and unkempt are all synonyms; orderly is an antonym of these words.

12.D. Word for word, exact, and verbatim are all synonyms; paraphrased is an antonym of these words.

13.A. Carefully, warily, and prudently are all synonyms; recklessly is an antonym of these words.

14.C. Destitute, poverty-stricken, and impoverished are all synonyms; affluent is an antonym of these words.

13 A. Inviting, welcoming, and cheery are all synonyms; dour is an antonym of these words.

14..B. Clumsy, all thumbs, and maladroit are all synonyms; nimble is an antonym of these words.

15.A. Ridicule, deride, and gibe are all synonyms; Compliment is an antonym of these words.

16.C. Deprived, bereft, and bereaved are all synonyms; replete is an antonym of these words.

17.D. Resolve, fortitude, and mettle are all synonyms; timidity is an antonym of these words.

18 .D. Submissive, obedient, and acquiescent are all synonyms; officious is an antonym of these words.

19.B. Proficient, deft, and adroit are all synonyms; inept is an antonym of these words.

20.C. Felicitous, inopportune, and ill-timed are all synonyms; inappropriate is an antonym of these words.

21.C. Vex, aggravate, and agitate are all synonyms; agitate is an antonym of these words.



22. **A.** Abject, lowly, and humble are all synonyms; stately is an antonym of these words.

23. **C.** Mercenary, venal, and corruptible are all synonyms; honest is an antonym of these words.

24. **B.** Pinnacle, summit, and acme are all synonyms; perigee is an antonym of these words.

25. **A.** Concur, consent, and accede are all synonyms; demur is an antonym of these words.

26. **B.** Replica, facsimile, and reproduction are all synonyms; permutation is an antonym of these words.

27. **C.** Pernicious, toxic, and virulent are all synonyms; innocuous is an antonym of these words.

28. **D.** Stentorian, booming, and thundering are all synonyms; tranquil is an antonym of these words.

29. **D.** Permissive, lenient, and indulgent are all synonyms; implacable is an antonym of these words.

30. **C.** Bedlam, pandemonium, and tumult are all synonyms; repose is an antonym of these words.

31. **A.** Somnolent, soporific, and hypnotic are all synonyms; stimulating is an antonym of these words.

32. **D.** Impassioned, vehement, and emphatic are all synonyms; apathetic is an antonym of these words.

33. **B.** Savory, piquant, and aromatic are all synonyms; distasteful is an antonym of these words.

34. **A.** Sanction, concur, and assent are all synonyms; dissent is an antonym of these words.

35. **D.** Devout, fervent, and zealous are all synonyms; dispirited is an antonym of these words.

36. **C.** Vex, aggravate, and agitate are all synonyms; agitate is an antonym of these words.

37. **A.** Abject, lowly, and humble are all synonyms; stately is an antonym of these words.

38. **C.** Mercenary, venal, and corruptible are all synonyms; honest is an antonym of these words.

39. **B.** Pinnacle, summit, and acme are all synonyms; perigee is an antonym of these words.

40. **A.** Concur, consent, and accede are all synonyms;



demur is an antonym of these words.

41. **B.** Replica, facsimile, and reproduction are all synonyms; permutation is an antonym of these words.

42. **C.** Pernicious, toxic, and virulent are all synonyms; innocuous is an antonym of these words.

43. **D.** Stentorian, booming, and thundering are all synonyms; tranquil is an antonym of these words.

44. **D.** Permissive, lenient, and indulgent are all synonyms; implacable is an antonym of these words.

45. **C.** Bedlam, pandemonium, and tumult are all synonyms; repose is an antonym of these words.

46. **A.** Somnolent, soporific, and hypnotic are all synonyms; stimulating is an antonym of these words.

47. **D.** Impassioned, vehement, and emphatic are all synonyms; apathetic is an antonym of these words.

48. **B.** Savory, piquant, and aromatic are all synonyms; distasteful is an antonym of these words.

49. **A.** Sanction, concur, and assent are all synonyms; dissent is an antonym of these words.

50. **D.** Devout, fervent, and zealous are all synonyms; dispirited is an antonym of these words.



ANTONYMS AND SYNONYMS

Read each question carefully and select the word that is most similar or most dissimilar in meaning to the word provided.

1. Rational is most similar to
a. deliberate. b. invalid.
c. prompt. d. sound.
2. Attribute is most similar to
a. quality. b. penalty.
c. speech. d. admission.
3. Subdue is most similar to
a. conquer. b. complain.
c. deny. d. respect.
4. Animated is most similar to
a. abbreviated. b. civil.
c. secret. d. lively.
5. Awe is most dissimilar to
a. contempt. b. reverence.
c. valor. d. distortion.
6. Intricate is most similar to
a. delicate. b. costly.
c. prim. d. complex.
7. Skeptic is most dissimilar to
a. innovator. b. friend.
c. politician. d. believer.
8. Hypothetical is most dissimilar to
a. uncritical. b. actual.
c. specific. d. imaginary.

9. Enhance is most dissimilar to
a. diminish. b. improve.
c. digress. d. deprive.
10. Manipulate is most similar to
a. simplify. b. deplete.
c. nurture. d. handle.
11. Subjective is most dissimilar to
a. invective. b. objectionable.
c. unbiased. d. obedient.
12. Succinct is most dissimilar to
a. distinct. b. laconic.
c. feeble. d. verbose.
13. Enthusiastic is most similar to
a. adamant. b. available.
c. cheerful. d. eager.
14. Adequate is most similar to
a. sufficient. b. mediocre.
c. proficient. d. average.
15. Uniform is most dissimilar to
a. dissembling. b. diverse.
c. bizarre. d. slovenly.



16. Ecstatic is most similar to
a.inconsistent. b.positive.
c. wild. d.thrilled.
17. Affect is most similar to
a.accomplish. b.cause.
c. sicken. d.influence.
18. Wary is most dissimilar to
a.alert. b.leery.
c. worried. d.careless.
19. Novel is most dissimilar to
a.dangerous. b.unsettled.
c. suitable. d.old.
20. Continuous is most similar to
a.intermittent. b.adjacent.
c. uninterrupted. d.contiguous.
21. Courtesy is most similar to
a.civility. b.congruity.
c. conviviality. d.rudeness.
22. Fallacy is most dissimilar to
a.truth. b. blessing.
c. weakness. d. fable
23. Frail is most similar to
a. vivid b. delicate.
c. robust. d. adaptable.
24. Recuperate is most similar to
a.recover. b.endorse.
c. persist. d.worsen.

25. Subsequent is most dissimilar to
a.necessary. b.insignificant.
c. primary. d.previous.
26. Nonchalant is most dissimilar to
a.intelligent. b.popular.
c. concerned. d.reckless.
27. Hoax is most similar to
a.logic. b.crusade.
c. embargo. d.ruse.
28. Composure is most similar to
a.agitation. b.poise.
c. liveliness. d.stimulation.
29. Excise is most dissimilar to
a.sleep. b.retain.
c. organize. d.staple.
30. Disperse is most dissimilar to
a.gather. b.agree.
c. praise. d.satisfy.
31. Eccentric is most similar to
a.normal. b.frugal.
c. peculiar. d.selective.
32. Commendable is most similar to
a.admirable. b.accountable.
c. irresponsible. d.noticeable.



33. Domain is most similar to
a. entrance. b. rebellion.
c. formation. d. territory.
34. Passive is most similar to
a. inactive. b. emotional.
c. lively. d. woeful.
35. Liberate is most dissimilar to
a. conserve. b. restrain.
c. attack. d. ruin.
36. Faltering is most dissimilar to
a. steady. b. adoring.
c. explanatory. d. reluctant.
37. Vast is most similar to
a. attentive. b. immense.
c. steady. d. slight.
38. Comply is most similar to
a. subdue. b. entertain.
c. flatter. d. obey.
39. Optimum is most dissimilar to
a. mediocre. b. victorious.
c. worst. d. rational.
40. Enlighten is most similar to
a. relocate. b. confuse.
c. comply. d. teach.
41. Tedious is most dissimilar to
a. stimulating. b. alarming.
c. intemperate. d. tranquil.

42. Exonerate is most dissimilar to
a. minimize. b. respect.
c. irritate. d. blame.
43. Ephemeral is most dissimilar to
a. internal. b. enduring.
c. temporary. d. hidden.
44. Predecessor is most dissimilar to
a. successor. b. antecedent.
c. descendant. d. ancestor.
45. Refrain is most similar to
a. desist. b. secure.
c. glimpse. d. persevere.
46. Affable is most dissimilar to
a. disagreeable. b. hollow.
c. simple. d. eager.
46. Rigorous is most similar to
a. demanding. b. tolerable.
c. lenient. d. disorderly.
47. Orient is most dissimilar to
a. confuse. b. arouse.
c. deter. d. simplify.



48. Levitate is most dissimilar to
a.plod.
b.undulate. c. whisper.
d.sink.

49. Oblivious is most similar to
a.visible. b.sinister.
c. conscious. d.unaware.

50. Verify is most similar to
a.disclose. b.confirm.
c. refute. d.unite.

51. Pacify is most dissimilar to
a.complicate. b.dismiss.
c. excite. d.atomize.

52. Plausible is most dissimilar to
a.insufficient. b.apologetic.
c. unbelievable. d.credible.

52. Idle is most similar to
a.working. b.effective.
c. immobile. d.functional.

53. Avid is most dissimilar to
a.partial. b.unenthusiastic.
c. equal. d.unkind.

54. Meek is most dissimilar to
a.mild. b.painful.
c. forceful. d.polite.

55. Complacent is most dissimilar to
a.concerned. b.pleasant.
c. happy. d.convinced.

56. Ambiguous is most dissimilar to
a.apathetic. b.certain.
c. equivocal. d.indefinite.

57. Confer is most similar to
a.confide. b.consult.
c. refuse. d.promise.

58. Repast is most similar to
a.meal. b.debt.
c. book. d.goal.

59. Esteem is most dissimilar to
a.disrespect. b.disregard.
c. dissent. d.disabuse.

60. Eloquent is most dissimilar to
a.shabby. b.fluent.
c. inarticulate. d.plain.

61. Apathetic is most similar to
a.pitiable. b.indifferent.
c. suspicious. d.evasive.

62. Deterrent is most dissimilar to
a.encouragement. b.obstacle.
c. proponent. d.discomfort.



63. Impertinent is most dissimilar to
a. animated. b. rude.
c. relentless. d. polite.

64. Augment is most similar to
a. repeal. b. evaluate.
c. increase. d. criticize.

65. Ludicrous is most dissimilar to
a. absurd. b. somber.
c. reasonable. d. charitable.

67. Archaic is most dissimilar to
a. tangible. b. modern.
c. ancient. d. haunted.

68. Incredulous is most similar to
a. fearful. b. outraged.
c. inconsolable. d. disbelieving.

69. Vindictive is most similar to
a. outrageous. b. insulting.
c. spiteful. d. offensive.

70. Sullen is most dissimilar to
a. morose. b. impetuous.
c. provocative. d. jovial.

71. Menial is most similar to
a. lowly. b. boring.
c. dangerous. d. rewarding.

72. Panacea is most similar to
a. cure. b. result.
c. cause. d. necessity.

73. Taut is most dissimilar to
a. neutral. b. relaxed.
c. rigid. d. vague.

74. Rile is most dissimilar to
a. appease. b. prosper.
c. oppress. d. irk.

75. Glib is most similar to
a. angry. b. insulting.
c. dishonest. d. insincere.

76. Mar is most dissimilar to
a. delineate. b. bolster.
c. clarify d. repair.

77. Cognizant is most similar to
a. conscious. b. educated.
c. mystified. d. confused.

78. Mediate is most similar to
a. ponder. b. interfere.
c. reconcile. d. dissolve.

79. Concurrent is most similar to
a. incidental. b. simultaneous.
c. apprehensive. d. substantial.



80. Induce is most similar to
a.prompt. b.withdraw.
c. presume. d.represent.

81. Intrepid is most dissimilar to
a.belligerent. b.consistent.
c. chivalrous. d.fearful.

82. Saturate is most similar to
a.deprive. b.construe.
c. soak. d.verify.

83. Methodical is most dissimilar to
a.erratic. b.deliberate.
c. hostile. d.deformed.

84. Latent is most dissimilar to
a.slow. b.tardy.
c. dormant. d.active.

85. Proscribe is most similar to
a.measure. b.recommend.
c. detect. d.forbid.

86. Prevarication is most dissimilar to
a.accolade. b.veracity.
c. deprecation. d.mendacity.

87. Mirth is most dissimilar to
a.pallor. b.solemnity.
c. penury. d.lethargy.

88. Surreptitious is most similar to
a.expressive. b.secretive.
c. emotional. d.artistic.

89. Trepidation is most dissimilar to
a.distribution. b.agitation.
c. fearlessness. d.uniformity.



ANTONYMS AND SYNONYMS

- 1.**D.** A rational decision is one that exercises the ability to reason, a sound decision is one that has a firm basis.
- 2.**A.** An attribute is a characteristic or quality belonging to a person or thing.
- 3.**A.** To subdue means to bring under control; conquer means to defeat by force.
- 4.**D.** To be animated is to be filled with activity or vigor; lively is to be filled with energy.
- 5.**A.** To be in awe of something is to admire it; to have contempt for something is to consider it worthless.
- 6.**D.** Intricate means having many elaborately arranged elements; complex means complicated or involved.
- 7.**D.** A skeptic is someone who doubts; a believer is one who thinks something is true.
- 8.**B.** To be hypothetical is to be suppositional or contingent on being tested; to be actual is to exist in fact or reality.
- 9.**A.** To enhance is to increase or augment; to diminish is to make smaller.
- 10.**D.** To manipulate is to manage or to handle in a controlling manner.
- 11.**C.** To be subjective is to be influenced by one's own emotions or beliefs without strict regard to evidence in the outside world; to be unbiased is to be objective or impartial.
- 12.**D.** To be succinct is to be concise; to be verbose is to use excessive words, to be wordy.
- 13.**D.** Enthusiastic means eager, to show keen interest or desire.

- 14.**A.** If something is adequate, it is sufficient, or as much as needed.
- 15.**B.** To be uniform is to be consistent or the same as others; to be diverse is to have variety.
- 16.**D.** A person who is ecstatic has great pleasure or delight or is thrilled.
- 17.**D.** To affect means to influence a person, thing, or course of events.
- 18.**D.** To be wary is to be on guard or watchful; to be careless is to have lack of forethought.
- 19.**D.** To be novel is to be new; the opposite is old, existing for a long time.
- 20.**C.** Continuous means to be marked by uninterrupted extension in space and time.
- 21.**A.** Both courtesy and civility imply being polite, considerate, or mannerly.
- 22.**A.** A fallacy is a false or mistaken idea, trickery; a truth is something which conforms to the facts.
- 23.**B.** A frail person is weak and delicate or frail in constitution or health.
- 24.**A.** Recuperate means to heal; to recover means to restore or get back again.
- 25.**D.** Subsequent means coming after or following; previous means coming before.
- 26.**C.** To be nonchalant means to have an air of easy indifference; to be concerned means to be interested and involved.
- 27.**D.** A hoax and a ruse are both tricks designed to confuse or mislead.
- 28.**B.** If you gain composure, you have poise, a



manner of acting that is free from affectation or embarrassment.

29.**B.** To excise means to remove; to retain means to keep.

30.**A.** Disperse means to scatter; to gather means to collect in one place.

31.**C.** An eccentric person is considered to be odd, unusual, eccentric, or peculiar.

32.**A.** Both commendable and admirable mean worthy, qualified, or desirable.

33.**D.** A domain is an area governed by a ruler; a territory is an area for which someone is responsible.

34.**A.** Passive is to fail to respond or react to an action; inactive means not functioning or operating.

35.**B.** To liberate means to release; to restrain means to deprive of liberty.

36.**A.** Faltering means to be unsteady in purpose or action, stumbling; steady means firm in position or place, direct, or unfaltering.

37.**B.** Vast means very great in size; immense means to be immeasurable in size or extent.

38.**D.** Comply means to act in accordance with a command and is synonymous with obey, to carry out or fulfill an order.

39.**C.** Optimum means the most desirable; worst means the least desirable.

40.**D.** If you enlighten someone, you instruct, inform, or teach them to make them free of ignorance, prejudice, or superstition.

41.**A.** To be tedious is to be tiresome; to be stimulating is to be exciting.

42.**D.** To exonerate means to clear from accusation or guilt; to blame is to accuse or hold

43.**B.** Ephemeral means short-lived; enduring means without end.

44.**A.** To be a predecessor is to be one who precedes or comes before another; to be a successor is to be one who succeeds or comes after another.

45.**A.** To refrain is to hold back; to desist is to cease, stop, or forbear.

46.**A.** Affable means pleasant and at ease or agreeable; the opposite is disagreeable or not to one's liking, unpleasant.

47.**A.** Rigorous is to be rigid or harsh and is Synonymous with demanding, to request urgently.

48.**A.** To orient means to adjust, become familiar; to confuse means to bewilder.

49.**D.** To levitate means to rise and float; to sink means to be submerged.

50.**D.** If you are oblivious to your surroundings, you are unaware or not cognizant of them.

51.**B.** To verify means to establish truth or accuracy; to confirm means to support or establish the validity of.

52.**C.** To pacify means to calm; to excite means to stir up.

53.**C.** Plausible means likely or credible; unbelievable is incredible, not to be believed, unlikely.

54.**C.** Idle means not in use or operation;



immobile means immovable or fixed.

55.**B.** Someone who is avid has enthusiasm and pursues things vigorously; the opposite would be unenthusiastic, lacking excitement or ardor.

56.**C.** Meek means not violent or not strong; forceful means powerful.

57.**A.** Complacent means self-satisfied, smug, or unworried; the opposite is concerned, which means interested and involved.

58.**B.** To be ambiguous is to be unclear, equivocal, or obscure; to be certain is to be definite or fixed.

59.**B.** Confer means to compare views or to take counsel; consult means to exchange views.

60.**A.** A repast is a meal or the food eaten at a meal.

61.**A.** To be held in high esteem means to have a favorable regard; to disrespect is to lack courteous regard.

62.**C.** To be eloquent is to be fluent; to be inarticulate is to speak hesitantly.

63.**B.** To be apathetic is to show little emotion or interest; to be indifferent is to have no particular interest or concern.

64.**A.** A deterrent prevents or discourages; encouragement inspires or heartens.

65.**D.** Someone who is impertinent is rude; someone who is polite is courteous.

66.**C.** To augment means to increase or expand in size or extent.

67.**C.** To be ludicrous is to be absurd; to be reasonable is to be rational.

68.**B.** Archaic means ancient or outdated; modern is current or contemporary.

69.**D.** To be incredulous is to be skeptical;

disbelieving is to refuse to believe in.

70.**C.** To be vindictive is to be vengeful; to be spiteful means to be malicious.

71.**D.** Sullen means gloomy or dismal; jovial means very happy.

72.**A.** Menial means servile, related to work done by a servant; lowly means humble or plain, suited for one of the lowest rank.

73.**A.** A panacea is an all-encompassing remedy; a cure is a remedy or restoration to health.

74.**B.** Taut means extremely tight, tense; relaxed means loose, not tense.

75.**A.** To rile is to upset; to appease is to pacify or satisfy.

76.**D.** To be glib is to reply quickly with insincere or superficial, false words.

77.**D.** To mar is to damage or deface; to repair is to restore or fix.

78.**A.** To be cognizant of something is to be aware; to be conscious is to be perceptive or alert.

79.**C.** To mediate is to settle a dispute; to reconcile is to bring into agreement.

80.**B.** Concurrent and simultaneous both mean happening at the same time.

74.**A.** To induce is to bring about; to prompt is to provoke or induce to action.

81.**D.** Intrepid is fearless, undaunted, daring, or brave; the opposite of fearful or anxious, frightened, or terrified.



82.**C.** To saturate is to fill or to load to capacity; to soak is to penetrate or permeate.

83.**A.** Methodical is characterized by method or order; erratic is variable, inconsistent, and unpredictable.

84.**D.** Latent means present but not functioning; active means to be marked by energetic activity.

85.**D.** To proscribe means to reject, condemn, or denounce as unwanted or dangerous; to prohibit; to forbid is to command not to do. Proscribe should not be confused with prescribe, which means to advise the use of (e.g., a medication).

86.**B.** Prevarication is an evasion of the truth; veracity means truthfulness.

87.**B.** Mirth means merriment; solemnity means seriousness.

88.**b.** Surreptitious is acting in a stealthy or secretive manner

89.**c.** Trepidation means fear; the opposite is fearlessness or having no fear.



National Scholarship Programmes for Nigerian Students

A number of Companies and Organizations in Nigeria offer scholarships Generously to students from Nigeria either to study in Nigerian or Overseas Universities/ Colleges. These scholarship programmes functions in different ways; some programmes award full fee scholarships, while Others award their winners with a specific amount of money. While some schemes award scholarships to study abroad, others require that you be a student in a Nigerian University.

List of Scholarship Programmes in Nigeria

Here are some Scholarship Programmes originating from Nigeria for Nigerians. The programmes you find below are small compared to the opportunities spread across the web.

Note that the deadlines for the applications might not fall within your present time. You just need to be aware of them and start early to prepare for the next award. Also, be sure to visit or contact the sponsors through the contact details provided, for more current information.

1. Shell Petroleum Development Company (SPDC) Scholarship Programmes

The SPDC Joint Venture commenced scholarship awards in the 1960s for programmes in Nigerian and foreign institutions. In 2009, the company awarded about 2,730 secondary school and 850 university scholarships in the Niger Delta and other parts of the country. Shell Nigeria University Scholarship Programme. This is an undergraduate scholarship programme for first year students in a Nigerian University. The programme comes in two categories:

The National Merit Award (NM), open to all eligible Nigerian Undergraduate and The Areas of Operation

Merit Award (OM), for students from the communities where Shell

Nigeria Operates. Requirements WASSCE and JAMB Results University Admission Letter Aptitude Tests are taken in Port Harcourt, Warri, Enugu, Lagos and Abuja Centres Application often commences in May each year.

2. Shell Postgraduate Scholarship Scheme- Study in UK

The Niger Delta postgraduate scholarship programme started from the 2010/2011 academic year. 10 candidates from SPDC's operational areas in Rivers, Bayelsa and Delta states receive scholarships to study for postgraduate qualifications at either of three top British institutions - Imperial College London, University College London and University of Leeds.

SPDC's General Manager Nigerian Content Development, Simbi Wabote said: The scholarship is part of the efforts to develop a pool of talent within the Niger Delta which can effectively serve in the oil and gas industry. That is why beneficiaries are required to return home after their studies and take up opportunities in the industry.

The scheme is in the pilot phase, and if successful, might be extended to other operational areas not covered this time. The one-year Masters' programmes are in Petroleum Engineering, Geosciences, Geophysics, Engineering Geology, Mechanical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Exploration Geophysics and Oilfield Corrosion Engineering.

Potential beneficiaries must possess a Bachelor's degree in the relevant field of study at the Second Class Upper Level.



The scholarship cover tuition fees, one return flight from Nigeria to the United Kingdom and a contribution towards living expenses.

Contact the above institutions websites for more details.

3. Shell Postgraduate Students Internships

Open primarily to talented Nigerian Postgraduate Students in Nigerian Universities but in exceptional cases to Nigerians in Overseas Universities. The Research Internship programme provides the framework for the direct transfer of practical and current industry experience to Nigerian university research students. Open to Nigerian graduate students (MSc, Ph.D) to spend a year in Shell to conduct research on the E&P challenges of the Company. Shell offers approximately 20 research internship appointments yearly. A number of interns have taken up appointment with Shell on completion of their studies. Application deadline 31 March every year.

For Enquires on SPDC Scholarships Contact

The Shell Petroleum Development Company (SPDC) of Nigeria LTD

Freeman House

21/22 Marina,

PMB 2418, Lagos

Nigeria

Tel: +234 1 2769999

www.shell.com/home

4. Total Nigeria National Merit Scholarship Programme

The programme was established in 1998/99 academic year and is run in partnership with the French Embassy. About 2,200 Nigerian Students have benefited from the programme. The award is open to undergraduate

students of Nigerian origin in Nigerian Universities.

Contact www.scholarships.totalsdd.com

5. Mobil Nigeria Undergraduate National Scholarship Programme

Mobil Producing Nigeria, operator of NNPC/ MPN Joint Venture awards annual scholarships to qualified students in Nigerian Universities. Applications for NNPC/MPN Undergraduate National Scholarship Awards is offered to qualified students from every state of the Federation.

Applications in the following list of approved disciplines are considered:

Petroleum Engineering, Chemical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical/Electronics Engineering, Civil Engineering, Geology/Geophysics, Medicine (MBBS Only), Agricultural Science (And related fields)

ELIGIBILITY

* Candidates must be holders of the SSCE or its equivalent with at least six subjects passed at a sitting with a minimum of 5 Distinctions.

* Applicants must be registered full-time undergraduates in their 1st or 2nd year of study in any Nigerian University.

Requirements

* Evidence of SSCE result or its equivalent

* Evidence of admission into a Nigerian University.

* Evidence of current year of study

* Current University Identity Card.

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* Current Passport Photographs.

* Evidence of State of Origin obtained from the appropriate Local Government Area and duly signed by the Chairman or Secretary.



Names of short-listed candidates for the qualifying Test are published on the National Dailies.

Web link: <http://www.mpn-essoscholarships.com/mpn-nat.php>

6. Mobil - Esson National Scholarship scheme

Mobile Producing Nigeria offer International Scholarships to

outstanding Nigerian graduates wishing to pursue post-graduate studies in the following disciplines:

Geosciences, Engineering (Petroleum, Mechanical, Chemical, Electrical, Sub-Sea and Marine)

Requirements:

*Must be a graduate from Nigerian Universities with relevant degree

* should possess a Bachelor's degree with a minimum of second class upper division in any of the above disciplines.

* Must have provisional admission/ accommodation into any reputable university.

The EEPNL scholarship award applies to tuition, books, accommodation and living expenses for the duration of the selected course of study including air fare to and from the location of study. Shortlisted candidates would be prepared to take a skills test.

Web link: <http://www.mpn-essoscholarships.com/esso-int.php>

7. Addax Petroleum/NNPC Scholarship Programme

Addax Petroleum Development (Nig) Limited offers National Tertiary Institutions Scholarship Awards Scheme in Nigeria.

ELIGIBILITY

All Candidates must:

be a registered, full time 100 level undergraduate in any Nigerian Tertiary Institution have 5 'O' level credit passes

in one sitting including English Language and Mathematics.

METHOD OF APPLICATION

Submit an application with the following information:

A. Surname, B. Other Names, C. Sex, D. Functional Email address and phone number And attach scanned copies of the original:

i. Admission letter into institution with information on course of study, year of entry and duration.

ii. SSCE/GCE O level certificate

iii. Evidence of state of origin/local government

iv. School ID card or National ID or Drivers' license or international passport. An aptitude test for selected applicants is conducted at the following state centres on a date that will be communicated to successful applicants through their email addresses. Applicants should indicate their preferred centre for the test on their applications: ABUJA

CALABAR LAGOS PORT HARCOURT OWERRI

All applications should be submitted with scanned copies of

credentials through the following email addresses not later than the deadline, usually in May each year.

Applications from North East geographical zone Email address: CRL1@addaxpetroleum.com

Applications from North West geographical zone Email address: CRL2@addaxpetroleum.com

Applications from North Central geographical zone Email address: CRL3@addaxpetroleum.com

Applications from South West geographical zone Email address: CRL4@addaxpetroleum.com

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Applications from South East geographical zone Email address: CRL5@addaxpetroleum.com
Applications from South South geographical zone Email address: CRL6@addaxpetroleum.com
Website: www.addaxpetroleum.com

8. NAOC National Scholarship Scheme

Nigerian Agip Oil Company Limited (NAOC) offers Tertiary Institutions Scholarship Awards Scheme to Nigerian students. Categories of Awards 1.

Host Communities Merit Award (HCMA): For applicants from NAOC host communities; Bayelsa, Delta, Imo and Rivers 2. National Merit Award (NMA): For applicants from non-host communities.

Eligibility:

applicants MUST be:

- Registered A FULL TIME undergraduates in Nigerian Tertiary Institutions
- Certified 100 level students.

Only candidates studying Engineering and Medicine are eligible for the NMA

Candidates for the NMA should obtained 275 JAMB SCORE and above. This does A NOT apply to HCMA.

Method of Application submit an application with ALL the following information STRICTLY in this order on one (1) sheet of A4 paper:

- a) Surname
- b) Other Names
- c) Sex
- d) JAMB result
- e) Evidence of Admission
- f) Year of Study
- g) Institution

- h) Course of Study
 - i) Matriculation Number
 - j) Home Town/ Community
 - k) Local Government Area
 - l) State of Origin
 - m) Personal Telephone Number
 - n) Personal e-mail Address
 - o) Permanent Address (NOT P.O. Box)
 - p) Preferred Test Centre
 - q) Two recent Passport Photographs with full names written on the back.
- Aptitude Tests are conducted in Port Harcourt, Omoku, Yenagoa, Asaba, Lagos, Owerri and Abuja.
Deadline often falls within March each year.
- Contact details
The General Manager,
Public Affairs
Nigeria Agip Oil Company Limited
Plot 23, Engineering Close,
Victoria Island
P.O Box 1286 Lagos
The Public Affairs Division Manager
Nigeria Agip Oil Company Limited
New Base, Mile 4, Ikwerre Road,
P.O Box 923, Port Harcourt,
Rivers State
- Indicate relevant category of award on the right hand corner of the envelope.



9. MTN Nigeria Foundation Science & Technology Scholarship scheme

The MTN Nigeria Foundation provides financial support to over 500 eligible Science & Technology students in accredited public universities, polytechnics and colleges of education across the six geo-political zones in Nigeria which covers tuition, book allowance and stipend (pocket allowance). The scholarship award is N200,000 per student per academic session (as at the 2009/2010 academic session). The scholarships is awarded to 200 level/2nd year full time students. Recipients expected to maintain a minimum CGPA of 3.5 or its equivalent (second class upper/upper credit).

website: www.mtnonline.com/mtnfscholarship for more details.

Deadline falls within October.

10. Merry Hearts Scholarship Foundation

The Merry Hearts Foundation offers Scholarship Education Fund to Empower the Nigerian Youths. The Foundation is structured to provide financial assistance in the form of a full scholarship to a student for the duration of their education prior to entering University. Under the scholarship contract, the student's tuition and books are fully paid for provided that the student maintains a satisfactory academic record. Scholarship recipients are chosen based on their financial need, which is determined by the students' family income, family structure, and the total cost of attending the chosen school.

Students are also evaluated based on past academic performance.

A full application, including two letters of recommendation, one from the student's parent and the other from a school official or member of staff, a 500-word essay, the most current academic report and a photo ID must be received by the foundation in order for the student to be considered for the scholarship award. Any student residing within the nation of Nigeria that is attending any pre-university institution is qualified to apply. The foundation encourage teachers and school officials to submit names of students

whom they have recognized to have more pressing need for the scholarship, although such nomination does not infer that the student will receive any preferential treatment during the selection process.

Visit Website for more details:

<http://www.merryhearts.org/aEcaEc11>

11. Petroleum Technology Development (PTDF) Fund Scholarship Programme

PTDF offers two categories of scholarships;

The Overseas Scholarship Scheme (OSS) and the Local Scholarship Scheme (LSS). PTDF annually invites interested qualified Nigerians to apply for its M.Sc and PhD scholarships in Engineering, Geology, Sciences, and Geosciences in Universities in the United Kingdom.

Requirements

- * 2.1 in Engineering, Geosciences, Science & Environmental Studies
- * NYSC discharge certificate
- * Not more than 30 years for MSc and 40 years for PhD
- * Must be Nigerians and have a credit in English Language in SSCE or required pass mark in TOEFL or IELTS.



CONTACT

Petroleum Technology Development Fund
Plot 672, Port Harcourt Crescent, off Gimbiya Street, off
Ahmadu Bello Way,
Area 11, Garki,
Abuja.
Tel: 234-9-3142216-7
Fax: 234-9-314229
Email: info@ptdf.gov.ng
Website: <http://www.ptdf.gov.ng/>

12. Gani Fawehinmi Scholarship Programme

Chief Gani Fawehinmi offers Scholarship Awards to 40 Nigerian students every year. Each scholarship winner receives One hundred Thousand Naira (N100, 000) for their education.

Criteria for Award:

- * must be poor and indigent.
- * must be registered students of Tertiary institutions in Nigeria i.e Universities, Polytechnics and College of Education.
- * must have good academic performances.

Mode of Application:

- * Each applicant shall submit an application letter, not more than two pages. The letter must include the name of the candidate, course of study, year of study, state of origin, and why the candidate believes that he/she should be given the scholarship award.
- * A photocopy of your current Identity card, A letter from your current Head of Department, including correct information of CGPA for the last academic semester, A letter from the Registrar certifying that the candidate is a student of such institution, A copy of the candidates registration form for the current semester.

All the documents, are forwarded (by hand or by postal

delivery) to:

Chief Gani Fawehinmi Scholarship Board,
cc/o Gani Fawehinmi Chambers,
35, Adeniran Ajao Road, Ajao Estate, Anthony Village,
Lagos State.

Or

P.O. Box 11114,
Surulere,
Lagos State.

Deadline falls within March each year. Scholarship application is announced online or on National Dailies.

13. Nigerian Women Association of Georgia Scholarship Programme

The Nigerian Women Association of Georgia, Inc. U.S.A offers annual scholarship awards to 36 female students in Nigerian universities in the amount of Forty Thousand Naira (N40,000 as at 2009) - one winner from each state.

Requirements:

- * An applicant must be a Nigerian female student, in a Nigerian University.
- * Two paged Essay, type-written and double spaced. Essay topic to be given each year.
- * A paragraph explaining why you NEED and should receive the scholarship.
- * Current photograph of Applicant
- * Photocopy of your University identity card.
- * Letter of recommendation or letter attesting that you are a student, from your Dean, HOD or Dept. Secretary.
- * Letter of introduction from, your Local Govt., Church or Mosque.



All applications should be mailed to:
Nigerian Women Association of Georgia, INC. USA
P. O. Box 14532, Atlanta

Georgia 30324
USA
(770) 496-4380
Website: www.nwag.org

National Youth Empowerment Commission Undergraduate
Scholarship

14. African Humanities Fellowship program- by the American Council of Learned Societies.

The African Humanities Program (AHP), organised by the
American Council of Learned Societies- ACLS seek to
revitalize the humanities Property of
www.afterschoolafrica.com

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38in Nigeria, Ghana, South Africa, Tanzania and Uganda
through fellowship competitions and meetings associated
with them. The AHP is funded by the Carnegie
Corporation of New York. Approximately 40 fellowships
will be awarded annually. Applicants for Dissertation-
Completion fellowships should be in the final year of
writing the dissertation at a University in Nigeria, Ghana,
Tanzania

or Uganda. Applicants for Postdoctoral Research
fellowships must be working in Nigeria, Ghana, South
Africa, Tanzania or Uganda and must have completed the
Ph.D no more than five years ago. Projects must be
in the Humanities and carried out in Africa. Completed
Applications must be submitted by December. Application
can be submitted by email to ahp@acsls.org or mailed to
the ACLS New York offices.

Website: <http://www.acsls.org/grants/Default.aspx>

14. The National Youth Empowerment Commission (NAYEC)

Is offering a number of Undergraduate
Scholarship awards to qualified Nigerian
students. The program aims to promote
academic excellence and improved skills
among young Nigerians.
Applications are invited from full-time degree students in
recognized Nigerian tertiary institutions.

Eligibility:

Applicants should be first year and second year
students in the 2012/2013 Academic year. Scholarship

Criteria:

Application must be accompanied with
scanned copies (electronically) or photocopy
(manually) of:

- SSCE/GCE O/Level Result or equivalent (WAEC
Computer Printout of SSCE/WASSCE/NECO Result).
- JAMB/University Admission Letter.
- Letter of Identification from applicant's Local
Government Area, duly signed by the Chairman
or Secretary.
- One recent passport-size photograph with full names
written at the back.

How To Apply

Interested candidates can apply electronically
(by e-mail) or manually (by P.O Box) by
sending an e-mail (electronic) or on one sheet
of A4 paper (manual) containing the following
information:

1. Full Name (surname first):



2. Title (Mr./Mrs./Miss):
3. Phone number:

4. E-mail address:
5. Institution:
6. Course of study:
7. Duration of Course:
8. Session of Admission:
9. Year & Mode of Entry:
10. Matriculation Number:
11. JAMB Registration Number:
12. Current CGPA (as at time of Application):
13. State of Origin:
14. LGA:
15. Postal Address:
16. Permanent Address: All electronic applications should be sent to:
scholarships@nayecng.com Or
mbagwu.chibuzor@nayecng.com
All manual applications should be addressed to:
National Youth Empowerment commission P.O.Box 553
Garki, Abuja.
The envelopes should be marked "12/13 NAYEC
Scholarship Awards"
Application Deadline Date
Scholarship Application closes midnight 12th
April, 2013.
Note:
Freshers who are yet to have a cgpa as at the
time of application should indicate 'NIL' for

cgpa.

• Above details would be verified, so applicants should ensure that the details provided above are true as of time of application because automatic disqualification might be a penalty to those who default.

- Applicants who have not regularized their admission with JAMB need not apply.
- Only shortlisted candidates would be contacted.

15. ABC Transport National University Scholarship Award (A Call for Applications)

Study Subjects: Any of the fields listed below

Scholarship Level: Undergraduate

Scholarship Provider: ABC Transport Plc

Scholarship can be taken at: Nigeria

Scholarship Description

ABC Transport Plc is offering a number of University Scholarship Awards to suitably qualified Nigerian students. Applications for the scholarship award are invited from full-time FIRST YEAR (100 LEVEL) degree students of the under-listed courses, in Nigerian universities:

- Engineering,
- Transport management,
- Purchasing/Supply,
- Business Administration,
- Accountancy,
- Materials management,
- Human resources,
- Public Administration,
- Mass communication,

- Computer science.

Eligibility

Applicants must be full time YEAR ONE (100 LEVEL) students of the above-listed courses in any of the Nigerian universities.

Requirements (Method of Application)

Interested candidates should submit their applications (along with photocopies of their WAEC or its equivalent, Birth Certificate or a Sworn Affidavit, Admission Letter and Two passport Photographs) stating the following information on an A4 sized paper:

- Surname,
- First Name,
- Middle Name,
- Title (Mr/Mrs/Miss),
- Date of Birth,
- Institution,
- Course of Study,
- Current Level,
- Matric Number,
- Year of Admission,
- Duration of Course,
- Mode of Entry,
- JAMB Score,
- JAMB Registration Number,
- O'Level Results (6 subjects),
- Phone Number,
- State of Origin,
- Local Government Area,
- Residential Address.



Submission of Applications

All applications in the format above should be sent to:

ABC Transport Scholarship Committee
c/o ABC Transport,
Km 5 MCC/Uratta Road,
P O Box 2575

Owerri.
Imo state.

Further Requirements Short-listed candidates will be required to present ORIGINALS of the following documents, if they pass the qualifying tests and are invited for the interview:

- WAEC or its equivalent,
- Evidence of admission into a Nigerian university,
- Evidence of current year of study,
- Details of Educational history - schools attended with dates and certificates obtained,
- State of Origin obtained from the appropriate Local Government Area and duly signed by the Chairman or Secretary,
- Valid university **Identity Card**.

16. Nigeria Liquefied Natural Gas (NLNG) Scholarship Scheme for Undergraduate students

Study Subject: Several fields

Scholarship Provider: Nigeria LNG Limited

Scholarship Level: Undergraduate

Scholarship can be taken at: Nigeria



Scholarship Description

The Nigeria LNG Undergraduate Scholarship Scheme started in 1998 as part of Nigeria LNG Limited's Corporate Social Responsibility to Nigerian Citizens to enhance human capacity development. The purpose of the Nigeria LNG (NLNG) scholarship scheme is to promote academic excellence amongst undergraduates in tertiary institutions in Nigeria, in support of NLNG's commitment to sustainable development.

Every year, the Nigeria LNG Limited calls on all interested Nigerian undergraduates in tertiary institutions in Nigeria to send in applications for the NLNG scholarship Award. At present, this scheme is being reviewed and its scope expanded to cater for three levels: post-primary, undergraduate and postgraduate studies oversea.

Eligibility

The NLNG scholarship is Open for all full time first year students of Nigerian Tertiary Institutions Only. Candidates must produce valid required documentations as listed below (e.g. Coloured Passport Sized Photograph, JAMB and/or University admission letters, WAEC/NECO/GCE/OLevel or A-Level results, etc).

Selection criteria: Beneficiaries are selected through a rigorous and transparent selection process organized in collaboration with the Aptitude Test Department of WAEC.

Eligible groups

Undergraduate students of Nigerian origin

Participating Institutions

Institutions of higher learning in Nigeria

Fields of study

Any approved field of study

Number of Awards

From inception, about 2,500 beneficiaries have benefited from the scheme.

Scholarship benefits

It involves the payment of a yearly Scholarship allowance to beneficiary Undergraduates in Tertiary Institutions in Nigeria.

The award has undergone several value reviews from N30,000.00 at inception to N50,000.00 and then to its present value of N 100,000.00. A total of about 500 million naira has been spent so far on the scheme.

Method of Application

There are 2 steps to applying:

1). Scan your documents: Candidates are required to scan the following documents:

1. Passport Sized Photograph (Coloured)
2. JAMB and/or University admission letters
3. WAEC/NECO/GCE/OLevel or A-Level results
4. Letter of Identification of Local Government
5. School ID Card.

2). Upload and Apply: After scanning the above documents, proceed to the official website (via link below). Click on "Scholarship Application Portal" button to access the main application portal.

Then FILL IN the [Online Application Form](http://www.sws.nlng.com/undergrad), @ www.sws.nlng.com/undergrad

UPLOAD your previously scanned documents as requested, and finally, click the "SUBMIT" button to complete your application.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

- All fields marked with * **must** be completed and any information provided that is discovered to be false will automatically disqualify the applicant.
- If you do not see a "success page" after submitting your application, it means your application HAS NOT BEEN received.
- List of shortlisted candidates and dates to write the aptitude test will be published online

17. AGBAMI /CHEVRON UNDERGRADUATE SCHOLARSHIP

Star Deep Petroleum Limited, a chevron company and operator of the Agbami Field, in its continuous support for capacity building in the health and Engineering sectors as a strategic feed into the national manpower pool, is offering a number of University Scholarship Awards to qualified Nigerian students of ALL the states of the Federation. Application for 2013 Agbami Scholarship Campaign The scholarship program, funded by Star Deep and its Agbami partners, is a major component of the Agbami partners Social Investment in the strategic development of health and education in Nigeria and the Niger Delta in particular.



The Agbami partners strategic support for health development is a three-pronged approach of health, infrastructural development, support for basic science education and training of medical professionals through this scholarship program.

Copied from www.eduregard.com

Eligibility Applications are invited from FULL-TIME, 100 and 200 level undergraduates from any state of the Federation, studying any of the under listed courses in universities or other relevant Institutions within Nigeria:

- Medicine/Surgery
- Dentistry
- Pharmacy
- Engineering
- Nursing and Midwifery
- Medical Lab Sciences/Technology Qualification Process

Eligible applicants should proceed to to apply

Application Closing Date 4th March, 2013

Application Process Interested candidates should contact: agbami@dragnet-solutions.com

Only Shortlisted Candidates will be contacted All current beneficiaries of the Agbami scholarship are expected to visit the web and upload their academic/personal data to ensure 2013 payment.

Source: www.eduregard.com



Chevron Nigeria Limited, in collaboration with its Joint Venture partner, the Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC), is offering a number of University Scholarship Awards to suitably qualified Nigerian students.

E-applications are invited from full-time SECOND YEAR (200 LEVEL) degree students of the under-listed courses, in Nigerian Universities:

1. Accountancy
2. Agricultural Engineering/Agricultural Science
3. Architecture
4. Business Administration/Economics
5. Chemical Engineering
6. Civil Engineering
7. Computer Science
8. Electrical/Electronic Engineering
9. Environmental Studies/Surveying
10. Geology/Geophysics
11. Law
12. Mass Communication/Journalism
13. Mechanical/Metallurgical & Materials Engineering
14. Human Medicine/Dentistry/Pharmacy

15. Petroleum Engineering

Deadline: Closing date for receipt of e-applications is strictly March 29, 2013.
Copied from www.eduregard.com
Please note that we will accept applications through the dragnet nigeria website only. Hard copies of any document submitted will not be processed. All interested students are advised to complete the e-application form online at www.dagnetnigeria.com/cnlawards/apply.aspx

and upload all the required documents as requested at the web site. In line with the e-scholarship administration system, selected students will be invited for computer-administered qualifying tests in selected examination centers nationwide. Short-listed candidates for the qualifying test will be invited by email and SMS text messages. All applicants are therefore advised to ensure that GSM telephone numbers and personal email addresses are properly entered into the e-forms on the web site.
www.eduregard.com

TO SEE MORE SCHOLARSHIPS, GET TO OUR WEBSITE
www.eduregard.com

www.facebook.com/nigerianuniversityscholarships



18. Nigerian Girls Scholarship Fund

In an effort to help eliminate some of the barriers that discourage or exclude girls from the benefits of basic and advanced education, PCNAF established a scholarship program for Nigerian girls in need of financial assistance to complete their secondary school education.

PCNAF believes educating girls will help raise economic productivity and reduce poverty. The scholarships are awarded to girls anywhere in Nigeria without reference to ethnic identity. The scholarship awards help to defray such school-related costs as tuition, books and living expenses for up to three years. Any girl enrolled in the final level

of free secondary school (grade 9) is eligible to apply. Recipients are chosen on the basis of high academic credentials, financial need, and commitment to community service. PCNAF collaborated with the Forum for African Women Educationalists in Nigeria (FAWE-N), an in-country NGO, to implement the program.

<http://www.pcnaf.org/nigerian-girls-scholarship>

NGO's in Nigeria

Here is a list of some Non-Governmental Organisations-NGO's in Nigeria. You can contact them to see if they have an education sponsorship programme you can apply for. You can volunteer to work with any of them if you wish.

International Center for Development Affairs
Helping people acquire knowledge and skills.
Address: 6B, Fred Olaiya Street, Off Ajanaku Street,
Opebi, Ikeja,
Lagos

www.icda.kabissa.org

Youth for Technology Foundation

Bringing access to technology and resources to the underserved in rural communities

www.youthfortechology.org

African Project Foundation,

31, Ekong Edon Street,
Akwa Ibom.

Phone: +234 (0) 805 081 1259

E-mail: info@africanproject.org

www.africanproject.org

Alliances for Africa (AfA)

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39An African-led international, human rights, peace and sustainable development organisation.

Address: 29, Norman Williams Crescent, Off Keffi Street

P.O Box 60024

Ikoyi

Lagos

Phone: +234 1 761 5407

Email: afa@alliancesforafrica.org

www.alliancesforafrica.org

African Sports Support & Education Trust

Promotes the education of sports people and support aged, retired sports people.

Address: 28, Ekololu Street, Off Falolu Street

Surulere Lagos

Phone: +234 1 890 3526, (0) 803 397 4949

Email: info@asset-ng.org

www.asset-ng.org



Astericks Poverty Alleviation Organization. Loan, Financial Support, NGO, Rural and Women Development

Address: 45 Murtala Mohammed Way 2nd floor
Benin City
Edo State

Phone: +234 (0) 803 932 8313 , 805 944 8663

Email: info@astericks.org

www.astericks.org

Trade Policy Research and Training Programme
Analysis of international trade issues

www.tprtp.org

Twins Initiative Network

Youth Empowerment, Poverty Alleviation Through
networking with

Professional Bodies

Address: Suite B37 C57 New Banx Vina Place

Wuse II Aminu Kano Crescent

Abuja FCT

Tel: +234-7039034002

Fax: +234-9-4619631

E-mail: mat4twins@yahoo.com

www.twinsinitiativenetwork.org

Women Aid Collective (WACOL)

Educational, social, economic and political development of
women and young people through a wide range of
services: training, research, advocacy, shelter, legal and
financial aid, intra-familial conflict resolution, information
and library services.

Address: 9, Umuezebi Street Upper Chime

New Haven

Enugu

P.O.BOX 2718

E-mail: wacolenugu@wacolnigeria.org

www.wacolnigeria.org

Women Development International Association (WODIA)

WODIA initiates and executes strategic action plans that
lead to health improvement, environmental friendliness
and poverty reduction for women and marginalized
community members .It collaborates with
relevant organizations for goal attainment

Address: 21 Ogunnusi Road Ogba

Ikeja

Lagos

Phone: +234 (0) 802 307 9485, 813 375 4358

E-mail: support@thewodia.org

www.thewodia.org

Women Health & Literacy Association (WHLA)

Address: 9 Ojo Ikolaba Street

Ikolaba Estate Ibadan

Oyo State

Phone: +234 (0) 802 375 575

E-mail: admin@whla.i8.com

www.whla.i8.com

Women In Management and Business (WIMBIZ)

Formed to improve the success rate of female
entrepreneurs and increase the proportion of women in
senior positions in corporate
organizations.

Address: Suite A3 Falomo Shopping Centre Awolowo Road

Ikoyi

Lagos

Phone: +234 1 271 2521

Email: wimbiz@wimbiz.org

www.wimbiz.org



Women In Technology In Nigeria Training, seminars, education, women and youth empowerment.

Address: 16 Ogunlana Drive

Surulere LGA

Surulere

Lagos

Phone: +234 (0) 702 988 1637

E-mail: info@witin.org

www.witin.org

Women's Technology Empowerment Centre (W. TEC)

NGO working to empower girls and women socially and economically, using information and communication technologies (ICTs).

Address: Suite 88 Block A4 Sura Shopping Complex

Simpson Street

Lagos Island

Lagos

Phone: +234 1 850 9782

E-mail: info@w-teconline.org

www.w-teconline.org

World Scholarship & Career Helpers

Free training for young lads in computer studies for poverty eradication

Address: 18 Karimu Street

Surulere

Lagos

Phone: +234 (0) 806 268 5918

E-mail: chris@wscareerhelp.org

www.wscareerhelp.org

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