



## USE OF ENGLISH II GNS 112

1.	is one of the invaluable four skills of learning in the English language. A.
	reading b. speaking c. listening d. writing
2.	is a means of communication through the use of graphic symbols to sensitize a
	reading audience about a contextual experience. A Speaking b. reading c. writing d.
	listening
3.	Writing is done to serve asA. form of social behaviour, means of expressing
	thoughts, source of aesthetic, satisfaction B. a form of social behaviour, satisfaction,
	means of writing, source of reading C. satisfaction, brainstorming, purpose, skillfulness D
	source of aesthetic, emotions, graphic symbols, communication
4.	The purpose of writing is dictated by a. writing task b. writing form c. writing
	function d. writing communication
5.	The two types of writing are a. letter writing and creative writing b. creative
	and essay c. letter and narrative d. prose and formal
6.	is the type of writing where the writer's imagination is solely at work. a. letter
	writing b. creative writing c. narrative writing d. complex
7.	and are conventions with which a creative writer's imagination is
	demonstrated a. fiction and less fiction b. poetry and prose c. fiction and non-fiction d.
	non-fiction and narrative
8.	and tasks are predominant in literature a. creative and criticism b. criticism
	and formal c. creative and fiction d. creative and non-fiction

9.	is a synonym of literature a. creative writing b. fictional writing c. narrative
	writing d. non-fiction
10.	There are genres of literature a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4
11.	is done by story-telling method and simple narrative a. prose writing b.
	poetry c. drama d. letter writing
12.	Stories in prose writing could be and a. fictional and non-fictional b.
	fictional and simple c. non-fictional and complex d. complex and simple narrative
13.	Essays, journal, articles, reports etc. are examples ofa. fiction b. non-
	fiction c. imaginative d. complex
14.	Fiction is categorized into and a. short story and novel b long story and
	essay c. novella and short story d. journal and novella
15.	Novelists who romance with issues like cultural nationalism are a. residual b.
	radical c. emergent d. cultural
16.	Novelists who explore on concrete socio-economic and socio-political issues are
	a. emergent/radical b. residual c. political d. economic
17.	is the mouthpieces of novelists a minor character b. major character c. flat
	character d. round character
18.	are symbols of reactionary or opposing forces in novels a. major b. minor c.
	round d. stereotyped
19.	is the sequential arrangement of event in a story a. theme b.
	characterization c. central idea d. plot
20.	Setting can be categorized into a.1 b.2 c.3 d.4
21.	Style has dimension a.1 b.2 c.3 d.4
22.	is the economy of words to express deep thoughts a. prose b. drama c. fiction
23.	is composed or written to be acted on stage a. poetry b. prose c. drama d. fiction
24.	is the arrow head of a play a. protagonist b. antagonist c. minor d. flat
25.	is a correspondence which is between two parties a. creative writing b. letter
	writing c. message sending d. prose writing
26.	There are types of letters a.1 b.2 c.3 d.4

27.	is a correspondence between a superior and a subordinate a. informal b.
	formal c. semi-formal d. creative writing
28.	is put at the left hand corner in a formal letter a. writer's address b. recipient's
	address c. formal address d. informal address
29.	comes immediately after the recipient's address a. body of the letter b. title or
	heading c. complimentary close d. salutation
30.	The body of a formal letter must have structural components a.1 b.2 c.3 d.4
31.	A good letter contains three elements except a. paragraphing b. content c. concord d.
22	middle  L.G. 11 G.
	Informal letter can also be called a a. formal b. friendly c. complaint d. novice
33.	Salutation in an informal letter is a. multiple b. complex c. short d.
	straightforward
	is a dual nationality letter a. formal b. informal c. semi-formal d. non-formal
35.	A semi-formal letter ends in a. Yours sincerely b. Yours faithfully c. Your's
	sincerely d. Your's faithfully
36.	Abbreviations may be used inletter a. formal b. informal c. semi-formal d.
	none
37.	POWER in essay writing consists of five strategies namely a. planning, organization,
	writing, evaluation, reading b. planning, organization, writing, editing, revision c.
	planning, organize, writing, editing, re-editing d. planning, organization, writing,
	emphasize, revision
38.	A topic sentence may be at all expect a. beginning b. middle c. end d. all
39.	ensures that all areas of grammatical errors and structural problems are
	addressed a. revision b. editing c. organization d. clarity
40.	involves revisiting the essay or piece of writing and appraising it a.
	editing b. organization c. revision d. writing.
41.	Paragraphs are developed through ways a.1 b.2 c.3 d.4
42.	essay explains basic things about a subject a. narrative b. expository c. argumentative
	d. descriptive
43.	essay is that which creates an image of an event, person or situations in words
	a. narrative b. descriptive c. expository d. argumentative

44. There are characteristics of effective writing a.1 b.2 c.3 d.4
45. All are characteristics of effective writing except a. economy b. clarity c. simplicity
d. emphasis
46 is the management of expressions in such a way that unnecessary words are avoided
whole detailed information is provided a. simplicity b. economy c. clarity d. Correctness
47. Each of the men very well a. dance b. dances c. dancing d. danceses
48. Moderate tea and sugar good for our health a. are b.is c. were d. aren't
49. The furniture to my father a. belong b. belongs c. belongings d. belong's
50. My property intact a. are b.is c. were d. aren't
51. One of the members been expelled a. have b. has c.is d. was
52. Neither the man nor his wife bad a. is b. are c. were d. all
53. Each emirs and chiefs to be invited a. were b. is c. have d. are
54. The principal as well as the teachers responsible for the pandemonium a. were b. is
c. are d. all
55. The governor together with his wifebeen seen a, is b. was c. has d. have
56. The woman in company of her children travelling for New Year a. is b. are c. were
d. all
57. Neither of the girls sleeping a. are b.is c. were d. all
58. Twenty naira too small for this book a. are b. is c. were d. all
59. In spite of the hardship, many a man to marry a. plan b. plans c. planning d.
plan's
60. Tribalism is one of those vices that confronting our nation a. are b. is c. was.
d. were
61. He eating too much a. dislike b. dislikes c. disliking d. dislikeses
62. None of the boys done the assignment a. have b. has c. having d.is
63. Time and tide for none a. waits b. wait c. waiting d. waited
64. The cost of all the necessary articles risen a. have b. has c. is d. are
65. Neither the boy nor the girls allowed to go out a.is b. are c. was d. does
66. She eat a. did b. does. c. don't d. has
67. She her father a. resemble b. resembles c. resembling d. resembled
68. Each man and each woman given a prize a. was b. has c. have d. were

69. Either you or am to blame a. I b. he c. she d. we
70. The girl visit often a. did b. does c. don't d.do
71. The total numbers of pages in a newspaper or magazine are limited by a.
newsworthiness b. break-even point c. break-even stop c. timeliness
72. For mass media to take place these things must take place A. information, the sender, the
medium to send the message, the receiver b. the message, medium, information, receiver
c. the receiver, medium, recipient, information d. the medium, information, sender,
communicator
73. News must be written in a. simple language b. complex language c. hard
language d. tricky language
74. News language is pegged on the principle ofa. 5Ws and H b. 6Ws and H
c. 7Ws and J d. 5Ws and J
75 and are cardinals in writing for the mass media a. balance and objectivity
b. balance and point c. objectivity and straightforward d. point and oddities
76. The first paragraph of a story is called the or a. intro or head b. head or
lead c. intro or lead d. pyramid or intro
77. For tabloid newspaper, the number of words in an intro should not be more than a. 40
b. 30 c. 50 d. 60
78. The inverted pyramid means beginning a story from weak facts and the stronger facts
later a. yes b. no c. maybe d. sometimes
79. Dog bites man is no news a. false b. true c. maybe d. I think
80. What is news? a. anything that happens b. any event c. any event or accident that happens
and is not in the public domain d. all of the above
81. Opinion articles are comments bases on personal opinion, is this assertion correct? a. yes
b no c. maybe d. I guess
82. There are types of plot structure a.1 b.2. c.3 d.4
83 is a long speech by a character a. dialogue b. monologue c. prologue d. soliloquy
84. A speech that reveals the thoughts of the actor is a. monologue b. dialogue
c. soliloquy d. mime
85. A writer uses to create suspense a. irony b. imagery c. dialogue d. monologue

86.	When the audience is aware of something which the actors are not aware of is
	a. verbal irony b. dramatic irony c. situational irony c. audience irony
87.	laments the death of someone a. elegy b. dirge c. lament d. panegyric
88.	mourns the death of a love one a. dirge b. elegy c. mourning c. lamentation
89.	There are sensory images a. 2 b. 3 c. 4 d. 5
90.	When conflict gets to the highest point it is called a. climax b. anti-climax
	c. complication d. suspense
91.	What is the drama that discusses societal challenges a. social b. political e. societal d. masses
92.	Which point of view makes use of one of the characters as narrator a. omniscient b. first
	person c. third person d. Objective
93.	The three major activities identified in writing stages area pre-writing, writing,
	post-writing b. post-writing, revising, editing c. revising, editing, writing d. editing, pre-
	editing, post-editing
94.	The study strategy involve five steps a. survey, question, read, recite, review b. survey,
	question, read, recite, redo c. survey, question, read, recite, revising d. survey, question,
	recite, read, review
95.	is good for reading the newspaper a. scanning b. skimming c. speed reading
	d. intensive
96.	is slow, steady approach in reading to learn a. scanning b. skimming
	c. extensive d. speed reading
97.	Scanning is a. intensive and permissive b. permissive and
	extensive c. intensive and extensive d. permissive and appreciative
98.	There are basic goals for studying a. short and long term b. long and straight
	term e. short and intensive d. extensive and long term
99.	The PQRST technique strategy includes a. previewing the material, question formula,
	reading for inferences, summarizing the processes, testing and assessment b. previewing,
	questioning, reviewing, summarizing for inferences, testing and reading c. planning the
	material, questioning the formula, reading for inferences, summarizing the materials,
	testing d. previewing the material, question formula, reviewing for inferences,
	summarizing the processes, testing and assessment

100. ALL are factors impeding effective study skills except a. time of study b. study venue c. mental stability c. lack of rest and inadequate sleep.

## **ANSWERS**

6. B 7. C 8. A 9. A 10. A 11. C 12. A 13. 1. D 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. A 15. A 16 A. 17. A 18. B 19. B 20. D 21. C 22. B 23. D 24. C 25. A 26. 27. C 28. B 29. B 30. D 31. C 32. D 33. B 34. A 35. C 36. B 37. B 38. D 39. В 40. C 41. B 42. B 43. B 44. D 45. D 46. B 47. B 48. B 49. B 50. B 51. B 52. 53. B 54. B 55. C 56. A 57. B 58. B 59 B 60. A 61. B 62. B 63. A 64. B 65. 66. B 67. B 68. A 69. A 70. B 71. A 72. A 73. A 74. A 75. A 76. C 77. B 78. 79. B 80. C 81. A 82. B 83. B 84. C 85. A 86. B 87. A 88. A 89. D 90. A 91. A 92. B 93. A 94. A 95. B 96. A 97. A 98. A 99. A 100. C

## JUDAISKY\_\_OBA\_\_MOSES

## THETRINITY