

**FEDERAL UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, OWERRI**  
**SCHOOL OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES**  
**DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY**

**RAIN SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2017/2018 SESSION TIME: 2 HRS**

**ICH 514: SURFACE CHEMISTRY OF MINERALS**

**Instruction: (1) Answer Four Questions only, and must include Q5**

**(2) Use Chemical equations and illustrations where appropriate.**

- Q1. (a) Define surface tension, and give its mathematical expression and meanings of your symbols.
- (b) Explain the following terms:
- (i) Adsorption and absorption, (ii) Adsorbate and adsorbent,
- (iii) Physicosorption and chemisorption, (iv) Hydrophobicity, Aerophilicity and Hydrophilicity, with reference to froth floatation.
- (c) Give names and chemical formulae of two frothers.
- Q2 (a) Use a well labelled diagram(s) to explain the meaning of "Contact Angle" for a solid-water-air floatation system at equilibrium.
- (b) Outline with brief explanations:
- (i) The characteristics of contact angle, (ii) The characteristics of frothers.
- (c) What are emulsions?
- (d) What actions that can be taken to reduce 'creaming'?
- (e) Use block-diagram(s) to outline the various types of collectors.
- Q3. (a) With clearly labelled diagrams/illustrations.
- (i) Draw a typical floatation cell,
- (ii) Describe the principles of froth floatation, and the specific roles of the collectors, frothers, regulators and modifiers.
- (b) Give the mathematical expression of Gibb's adsorption isotherm, and explain the changes that arise in the surface tension on the surface of a liquid as a result of an added solute.
- Q4 (a) With illustrations, discuss the electrical properties of colloids, and their effects on the stability of colloidal solutions.
- (b) What is coagulation?
- (c) Describe the mechanism of coagulation and flocculation processes by charge neutralization, bridges, precipitation, etc.
- (d) Name and describe two (2) particle coagulants you know.
- Q5. (a) Explain the differences between:
- (i) Flocculation and coagulation (ii) Ores and minerals, and
- (iii) Sols and gels in colloidal systems.
- (b) (i) Explain: (i) HLB and (ii) Zero point of charge (ZPC).
- (c) Discuss:
- (i) The terms 'activators and depressants, and their intended functions in a froth floatation cell.
- (ii) The use of emulsifying agents in emulsion formations.