Federal University of Technology, Owerri

Department of Mathematics, Harmattan Examinations 2018 / 2019 Session MTH 305. Functions of a Complex Variable and its applications I. Answer any five questions, Time 3 hours.

- (7 marks) Q1a) Express (1+i) in the form a + ib
 - 16) If $Sin z = \alpha$ show that

$$z = i \log \left[\sqrt{1 - \alpha^2} + i\alpha \right]$$
 (7 marks)

- Find all the roots of the equation $(1+z)^8 = (1-z)^8$ and show that all the roots lie on the (7 marks) imaginary axis
 - If z is complex show that the real part of log $(z-1) = \frac{1}{2} \log (1 2r \cos \theta + r^2)$ where |z| = r6) and Argz = θ
- Find the analytic function w = u + iv given that $u = x^3y xy^3 + k$, where k is a real constant, If Q3a) w(0) = 2 - 3i find the value of k.
 - Find the linear transformation which maps the line segment $\sqrt{2} \le x \le 2\sqrt{2}$; $\sqrt{2} \le y \le 2\sqrt{2}$ onto the line segment u = 0 $1 \le v \le 7$ such that $(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}) \to (0, 1)$; $(2\sqrt{2}, 2\sqrt{2}) \to (0, 7)$ (8 marks)
- Prove that under the inverse transformation, lines and circles map onto lines or circles . (6 marks) Q4 Hence show that the image of the two lines x + y + 2 = 0 and x - y + 2 = 0 are intersecting circles
- Evaluate the following integrals along the given path, C. Q5.

Evaluate the following integrals along the given path, C.
$$\frac{dz}{z(z^2+1)}; c=|z|=4$$
 (7 marks)

(3,4)
$$\frac{2}{3} = 1$$
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Show that if $(z_1, z_2, z_3) \rightarrow (w_1, w_2, w_3)$ in order under the bilinear transformation then Q6.

$$\frac{(w-w_1)(w_2-w_3)}{(w-w_3)(w_2-w_1)} = \frac{(z-z_1)(z_2-z_3)}{(z-z_3)(z_2-z_1)}$$
(6 marks)

Hence find the bilinear transformation which maps the triple (i, 2, -i) onto the triple (-i, 3, i) in order (8 marks)